WOMEN IN THE ARMED FORCES
A suggested bibliography

BOOKS

Gender Perspectives on Small Arms and Light Weapons: Regional and International Concerns - Bonn: Bonn International Center for Conversion.
87 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
(BICC Brief ; 24)
Authors:
2. Gebre-Wold, Kiflemariam, ed.
3. Bonn International Center for Conversion (DE)
Notes:
'This publication addresses problems related to the easy availability of small arms from a gender-specific angle. Women are victims of conflicts involving the use of arms, and they are the ones who suffer from domestic violence by the hands of their partners and husbands, violence which develops in an environment fraught with aggression through the availability of small arms. Once military conflicts are over, women often are included to a lesser degree in demobilization campaigns although they took part in the conflicts. As to the reduction of small arms stocks it is still mostly men worldwide who keep leading positions occupied at the military power centres and within armed conflict groups. However, conflict research has shown: if women do not raise their voice on military issues, if they do not have a voice or say in matters involving the reduction of small arms, there will be no sustainable cross-gender resolution of the problems.'

* 623 /00933
Year: 2002

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Women in the NATO Forces: Library Index - Brussels: NATO IMS.
i, 76 p.; 30 cm.
Subject(s):
1. ARMED FORCES--WOMEN--BIBLIOGRAPHY
2. NATO--ARMED FORCES--BIBLIOGRAPHY
Authors:
1. NATO

* 496.3 /00231
Year: 1991
World Order for a New Millennium: Political, Cultural and Spiritual Approaches to Building Peace - Houndmills, UK: MacMillan.

xxi, 266 p.; 22 cm.
ISBN: 0333775341
Subject(s):
1. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
2. NEW WORLD ORDER
Author:
1. Dorn, A. Walter, ed.
Notes:
Includes index.
'This book examines one of the major issues of our age: how humanity should organize itself on the highest level of governance - the global level. A just world order must have a deep foundation, including the development of a global culture and peace spirituality. The increased role of women and non-governmental organizations is crucial, as is the mutual understanding, appreciation and even synthesis of religions. With an integrated approach to world order, the deeper peace that humanity needs and longs for could be possible. The book provides an overview of the various types of world order, based on the three strategies of coercion, exchange and integration. It then reviews the developments of international law and the current means of promoting and enforcing it, in the absence of an international police force. The essays look at the role of the military in the Cold-War and after, and review the prospects for war and peace in the next century.'

* 327 /01013

Year: 1999

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Women and Leadership: Socio-Political Status of Women's Movement in Bulgaria - [s.l.]: [s.n.].
45 p.; 30 cm.
(NATO Research Fellowships Programme - Bulgaria)
Author:
1. Russinova, Zlatka
Notes:
NATO Democratic Institutions Programme.
Bibliography: p. 43-45.

* 80013292

Year: 1994-1996
An Examination of the Utilisation and Status of Women in Ground, Air and Naval Combat Positions in the Armed Forces of Canada, the United Kingdom and the United States of America as to What Effect They Have on Cohesion and Effectiveness - [s.l.] : [s.n.].
62 p.; 30 cm.
(NATO Research Fellowships Programme - Netherlands)
Author:
1. Cnossen, Christine Lisa
Notes:
NATO Research Fellowship Final Report.

* 80013207
Year: 1994-1996

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xxii, 251 p.; 21 cm.
ISBN: 0160359074
Subject(s):
1. MILITARY ETHICS
Authors:
2. Hietala, Janis Bren, ed.
Notes:
Includes index.
'These essays specifically address the ethical traditions of the profession of arms, the potential conflict of overlapping professional obligations when doctors and lawyers don military uniforms, how the armed services teach ethics, and the question of women in combat roles.'

* 355.1 /00039
Year: 1993

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160 p. : ill.; 28 cm.
ISBN: 0713461853
Author:
1. Fletcher, M. H.
Notes:
Includes index

* 355.2 /00149
Year: 1989
'Peace Studies' in our Schools. Propaganda for Defencelessness: report -
63 p.; 30 cm.
ISBN: 0947925007
Author:
1. Marks, John D.

* 32.019 /00032

Year: 1984

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Life in the rank and file: enlisted men and women in the Armed Forces of the
United States, Australia, Canada, and the United Kingdom - Washington: Pergamon-Brassey's.
vii, 283 p.; 24 cm.
ISBN: 0080323871
Subject(s):
1. SOLDIERS
2. SOCIOLOGY, MILITARY
Authors:
1. Segal, David R., ed.
2. Sinaiko, H. Wallace, ed.
Notes:
Includes bibliographies and index.

* 355.1 /00022

Year: 1986
ARTICLES

Hellstrom, Sheila
Women in the NATO Forces : A Slowly Expanding Role.

ENGLISH
1989

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Aichinger, Wilfried
Weibliche Soldaten : Erfahrungen und Perspektiven.

GERMAN
1984

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Boening, Suzanne
Woman Soldier, Quo Vadis ?

ENGLISH
1983

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Rosch, Peter
Die Frau in Uniform : Weder 'Flintenweib' noch 'Venus Militaris'.
EUROPAISCHE WEHRKUNDE, 33. Jg., Nr. 11, November 1984, S. 634-638.

GERMAN
1984

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Scheuer, S. L.
Equality of Rights and the Canadian Armed Forces : Is There a Future Role for Female Combatants ?

ENGLISH
1989

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Thomas, N. B.
Women in Armed Forces.

ENGLISH
1981

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Boulegue, Jean

ENGLISH
1991
The purpose of this essay is to demonstrate the ways in which women's role in the armed forces is special, and to explore some of the ramifications of this specialness. The purpose of this essay is to demonstrate the ways in which women's role in the armed forces is special, and to explore some of the ramifications of this specialness.

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Webster, Alexander F. C.
Paradigms of the Contemporary American Soldier and Women in the Military.

ENGLISH
1991

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Women in Combat (4 Articles).

ENGLISH
1992

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Jones, E. G.
Women in Combat : Historical Quirk or the Future Cutting Edge.

ENGLISH
1993
Harris, Marcelite
Recognising the Role of Women in NATO's Military Forces.

ENGLISH
1997
Major General Harris chaired the Committee on Women in NATO from 1995 until June 1997. In this article she argues that the benefits of properly recognising the contribution of women in today's forces will accrue to the military as a whole, the Alliance, and beyond to the partners who model their reforms after the Alliance.

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Clark, Ann Marie
Friedman, Elisabeth J.
Hochstetler, Kathryn
The Sovereign Limits of Global Civil Society: A Comparison of NGO Participation in UN World Conferences on the Environment, Human Rights, and Women.

ENGLISH
1998
The increased visibility of nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) and social movements at the international level invites continuing evaluation of the extent and significance of the role they now play in world politics. While the presence of such new actors is easily demonstrated, international relations scholars have debated their significance. The authors argue that the concept of global civil society sets a more demanding standard for the evaluation of transnational political processes than has been applied in prior accounts of transnational activity. Further, most empirical studies of this activity have focused on a limited number of NGOs within a single issue-area. Using three recent UN world conferences as examples of mutual encounters between state-dominated international politics and global civil politics, the authors develop the concept of global civil society to provide a theoretical foundation for a systematic empirical assessment of transnational relations concerning the environment, human rights, and women at the global level.

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Contrary to common wisdom, the influx of women into the military of the advanced countries that has taken place since 1970 does not represent a victory for the feminist movement. Instead, it is part symptom, part cause, of the decline of those militaries that has been going on for many years. As of today, the militaries that have taken on any number of women scarcely any longer fight wars; whereas those that still do fight wars have very few, if any, women.

From the beginning of history, war has been an almost exclusively male affair and those who took part in it were often extolled as the most manliest of men. The recent feminization of the armed forces of many developed countries does not prove that women's liberation is making progress, as most people believe. Rather, it is part symptom, part cause, of the decline of those forces. Other things being equal, the fewer and less important the wars fought by any armed forces the more women it has; the more women it has, the less likely it is to undertake serious wars.

Debates about the relationship between women and the military have become common within Western societies. These debates primarily centre on the issue of the place, fitness and desirability of a female presence within institutions designed for national war making. There are those who claim that equality between the sexes demands the full integration of women into national militaries, including in combat roles, others however argue that women are ill-equipped for the traditional tasks required of 'warriors'. This article argues that these debates are increasingly irrelevant. Future wars are increasingly less likely to be fought only by clearly defined national combat forces and more likely to be 'virtual' wars involving the deployment of Western technologies against military inferior opponents. This too is an age in which Western states will be engaged not just in virtual wars but in 'humanitarian intervention', peacekeeping, enforcement and postwar reconstruction. This allows,
even encourages, a rethinking of traditional notions and debates over the place of women within the military sphere.

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Krawehl-Nakath, Cordula
Offnung der Streitkräfte für Frauen.
EUROPAISCHE SICHERHEIT, 50. Jg., Nr. 6, Juni 2001, S. 45-47.

GERMAN
2001
Only a few military-sociopolitical decision-making processes were accompanied so vigorously by a controversial discussion like the complete opening up of all careers and career groups for women in the armed forces. Without doubt, a fundamental change was ushered in by this. It should not be ignored, however, that the job description of the 'woman in uniform' is not a novelty. Women have been employed in the Bundeswehr Medical Service since 1975 already. At first exclusively employed as medical officers it was possible to hire applicants as candidates for the career group of medical officers as of 1989. This step was followed in 1991 by the opening up of the career group of enlisted personnel (non-commissioned officers and other ranks). And since 1992, top female athletes are being fostered as members of the armed forces. Women will now increasingly contribute to the accomplishment of the mission of the armed forces and help shape the image of the Bundeswehr in the public eye. First experiences reported from the troops prove that female soldiers were received positively altogether. The acceptance and integration passed off smoothly and without any problems. The resonance in the media, especially the Press, underlines this 'success story'. The Parliamentary Commissioner for the Armed Forces has pointed out in his annual report that women can definitely keep up their performance in basic training with their male fellow soldiers. After the successful launch on 2 January 2001 it remains to be seen how the media-effective particularity turns finally into normality. Without any doubt will women continue to positively influence the 'working atmosphere' in the former 'men's domain' Bundeswehr. A common gender-crossing open-mindedness will lead this future-oriented concept to success.

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Nielsen, Vicki
Women in Uniform.
NATO REVIEW, vol. 49, Summer 2001, p. 30-34.
http://www.nato.int/docu/review.htm

ENGLISH
2001
The author examines the integration of women in NATO armed forces.