THEMATIC BIBLIOGRAPHIES
No. 9/2000

THE BALKAN PENINSULA

LA PÉNINSULE DES BALKANS

Bibliographies Thématiques
No. 9/2000
WHERE TO CONTACT US:

NATO Library
Office of Information and Press
Room Nb123
1110 Brussels
Belgium

Tel.: (32)2/707.44.14
Fax: (32)2/707.42.49
E-mail: library@hq.nato.int

HOW TO OBTAIN A PUBLICATION IN THE LIST BELOW:

As a member of the NATO HQ staff you can borrow books (Type: M) for a period of one month and magazines for one week. Reference works (Type: REF) must be consulted in the Library. People from outside NATO can borrow books through their local library via the interlibrary loan system.

OU NOUS CONTACTER:

Bibliothèque de l'OTAN
Bureau de l'Information et de la Presse
Bureau Nb123
1110 Bruxelles
Belgique

Tél.: (32)2/707.44.14
Télécopieur: (32)2/707.42.49
Adresse électronique: library@hq.nato.int

COMMENT OBTENIR UNE PUBLICATION MENTIONNÉE DANS LA LISTE CI-DESSOUS:

En tant que membre du personnel de l'OTAN vous pouvez emprunter des livres (Type: M) pour une période d'un mois et des revues pour une semaine. Les livres de référence (Type: REF) sont à consulter sur place. Les personnes n'appartenant pas à l'OTAN peuvent s'adresser à leur bibliothèque locale et emprunter des ouvrages via le système de prêt interbibliothèques.
ISBN/ISSN:
  xi, 10 p. : ill.; 28 cm.
(Policy Paper)
ID number: 80016805  Type: M
Library Location: 327.5 /00381
Subject(s):
  1. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--BALKAN PENINSULA
  2. YUGOSLAV WAR, 1991-1995--RECONSTRUCTION
  3. KOSOVO (SERBIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1998---RECONSTRUCTION
Added entry(s):
  1. Atlantic Council of the United States (US)
'This paper aims to address the crisis in Kosovo by developing a regional approach toward future peace and prosperity of the entire Balkan region. It lists the essential components of an effective regional settlement and elaborates on security, economic, and political requirements. The members of the task force encountered two major areas of disagreement: the international treatment of Serbia and re-drawing borders in the region. This paper provides arguments for both the isolation of Serbia (with the exception of the humanitarian aid), and the augmentation of contact with the Serbian people. Some members of the task force argue for redrawing regional borders while others advocate promoting the status quo with enhanced regional cooperation.'

ISBN/ISSN: 9290792752
112 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
ID number: 80016419  Type: M
Library Location: 441 /00076
Subject(s):
  1. EU--BALKAN PENINSULA
  2. STABILITY PACT FOR SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE
Added entry(s):
  1. Emerson, Michael, ed.
  2. Gros, Daniel, ed., 1955-
  3. Centre for European Policy Studies (BE)

ISBN/ISSN: 1857281195
xi, 180 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
ID number: 80013221  Type: M
Library Location: 323 /00598
Subject(s):
  1. BALKAN PENINSULA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
  2. BALKAN PENINSULA--BOUNDARIES
Added entry(s):
  2. Norris, H. T., ed.
Includes index.
'The broad canvas covered by the book highlights recent changes in the northern and western Balkans, a region of continuing warfare, since the demise of the former communist Yugoslav regime. The ethnic quilt

* This list contains material received as of November 2000 – Cette liste est arrêtée au 2 novembre 2000.
of this previous state contains about 20 different groups, some of whom have a desire to express their own ambitions at the expense of others, which led to an explosive cocktail once the shackles of the former regime had been removed. The geographical concepts of international and national boundary changes involved here also engage the reader in a deeper appreciation of history's role in leading up to this transformation. Political heritage, historical aspects and current geographical reality are bound together to give insights into this complex and sometimes confusing picture.'

ISBN/ISSN: 0861870557
x, 173 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
ID number: 80007102 Type: M
Library Location: 338.9 /00521
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
2. ALBANIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
3. BULGARIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
4. ROMANIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
5. YUGOSLAVIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Added entry(s):
1. Sjoberg, Orjan, ed.
2. Wyzan, Michael L., ed.

ISBN/ISSN: 9602323027
473 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
ID number: 80012081 Type: M
Library Location: 441 /00050
Subject(s):
1. EU--BALKAN PENINSULA
Added entry(s):
1. Hellenic Centre for European Studies (GR)
'The conference started with an historical introduction and an attempt was made to situate the Balkans in the context of European politics and international division of labour. It followed with a discussion on the transition of former communist countries to parliamentary democracy and market economy systems as well as on the political role played by the EC member states during this transition process. Finally, the conference concentrated on the prospects for intra-Balkan cooperation and the policy measures which the European Community/Union could adopt to this effect.'

ISBN/ISSN: 9290450649
xix, 219 p.; 30 cm.
ID number: 80007713 Type: M
Library Location: 355.4 /01005
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY
Added entry(s):
1. United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research
2. Institut des Nations Unies pour la Recherche sur le Desarmement
'Proceedings of the Rhodes Conference (6-7 September 1991) = Actes de la Conference de Rhodes (6-7 septembre 1991)'
74 p.; 23 cm.
ID number: 80013664 Type: M
Library Location: 495.3 /00031
Subject(s):
1. NATO--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. NATO--ARMED FORCES--FORMER YUGOSLAVIA


134 p.; 29 cm.
(ID Informationen zur Sicherheitspolitik ; 17)
ID number: 80015933 Type: M
Library Location: 327.5 /00374
Subject(s):
1. CRISIS MANAGEMENT--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. KOSOVO (SERBIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1998--
3. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--FYROM
4. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--KOSOVO (SERBIA)

110 p.; 24 cm.
(ID Informationen zur Sicherheitspolitik ; 18)
ID number: 80015934 Type: M
Library Location: 327.5 /00374
Subject(s):
1. CRISIS MANAGEMENT--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. KOSOVO (SERBIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1998--
3. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--FYROM
4. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--KOSOVO (SERBIA)

43 p.; ill.; 24 cm.
(ID Informationen zur Sicherheitspolitik ; 24)
ID number: 80016516 Type: M
Library Location: 327.5 /00380
Subject(s):
1. CRISIS MANAGEMENT--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. KOSOVO (SERBIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1998--
3. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--FYROM
4. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--KOSOVO (SERBIA)

Gustenau, Gustav E., ed.
Bundesministerium für Landesverteidigung (AT)
ISBN/ISSN:
44 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
(Cahiers du Forum du Futur)
ID number: 80007814 Type: M
Library Location: 327 /00784
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
2. BALKAN PENINSULA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
3. CIS
Added entry(s):
1. Forum du Futur (FR)
'Compte-rendu du colloque tenu a l'Assemblee Nationale le 21 octobre 1991.'

ISBN/ISSN:
13 p.; 30 cm.
ID number: 80016701 Type: M
Library Location: 355.4 /01268
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
2. STABILITY PACT FOR SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE
3. NATO--ARMED FORCES--KOSOVO (SERBIA)
4. KOSOVO (SERBIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1998-
5. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
6. EUROPE, SOUTHEASTERN
Added entry(s):
1. NATO Parliamentary Assembly (BE)

ISBN/ISSN:1574881337
xiv, 208 p.; 23 cm.
ID number: 80014837 Type: M
Library Location: 327 /00977
Subject(s):
1. GREECE--FOREIGN RELATIONS
2. GREECE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
3. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--GREECE
4. GREECE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--TURKEY
5. TURKEY--FOREIGN RELATIONS--GREECE
6. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Added entry(s):
1. Pfaltzgraff, Robert L., ed.
2. Kerdis, Dimitris, ed.
3. Institute for Foreign Policy Analysis (US)
4. Tufts University. Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy (US)
5. Constantinos G. Karamanlis Foundation
6. Lillian Voudouris Foundation
'Southeastern Europe, in the few short years since the close of the Cold War, has moved dramatically from the periphery to the very center of the risks to security and stability in Europe. A setting of both tremendous economic opportunity and lagging economic development, a corner of Europe closest to the turbulent Middle East, and a crossroads of three major civilizations, Southeastern Europe poses challenges of unparalleled complexity to security planners in the
United States and throughout the West. At the pivot of this uncertain setting stands the bilateral US-Greek relationship, itself a critical dimension of the stake of the broader Atlantic Alliance in the security of the region. After a period of turmoil and mutual distrust during the decade of the 1980s, in recent years the Greek-US tie has emerged as a key factor in the accomplishment of broader US regional objectives. This volume brings together perspectives from senior officials and commentators from both the United States and Greece on the status and prospects of the US-Greek relationship, and the implications of such pressing questions as the unfolding security setting of the Balkans; stability in the Aegean; the future of the Greek-Turkish relationship; and the question of Cyprus.'

2. National Defense University. Institute for National Strategic Studies (US)

2. Triantaphyllou, Dimitrios, ed.
3. Hellenic Foundation for Defense and Foreign Policy (GR)
'This book attempts to present a variety of perspectives about the Balkans and the Black Sea area. Some of the articles have a national flavour while others have a wider scope as they are the product of research projects. In its entirety, the Yearbook represents a cohesive presentation of the region over the last year.'

Semaire Rose-Roth. Compte rendu du secretariat, Ohrid,
l'Ex-Republique Yougoslave de Macedoine, 29 juin-1er juillet 2000.

Behar, Pierre
ISBN/ISSN:2904227563
187 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
ID number: 80007133 Type: M
Library Location: 949 /00044
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--HISTORY
2. CENTRAL EUROPE--HISTORY
3. GEOPOLITICS--BALKAN PENINSULA
4. GEOPOLITICS--CENTRAL EUROPE

Castellan, Georges
ISBN/ISSN:221302801X
532 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
ID number: 80007442 Type: M
Library Location: 949 /00046
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--HISTORY

Cviic, Christopher, 1930-
ISBN/ISSN:0861870867
viii, 113 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
(Chatham House Papers)
ID number: 80006941 Type: M
Library Location: 323 /00472
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. NATIONALISM AND SOCIALISM
3. YUGOSLAVIA--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Added entry(s):
1. Royal Institute of International Affairs (GB)
'Four countries are dealt with: Albania, Bulgaria, Romania and Yugoslavia. The author offers ideas on how the map of the Balkans might be recast and how international mechanisms might be used to contain crises in the short term'.

Economides, Spyros
ISBN/ISSN:
39 p.; 21 cm.
(London Defence Studies ; 10)
ID number: 80007484 Type: M
Library Location: 355.4 /00992
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. BALKAN PENINSULA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Added entry(s):
1. University of London. Centre for Defence Studies (GB)
In outlining the security problems of the Balkan agenda in the post-Cold War world this paper also addresses the more fundamental question concerning the coherence of the Balkans as a region, and the value of dealing with - and thinking about - the region in an essentially unitary manner.'
Eyal, Jonathan
ISBN/ISSN:0855160829
108 p.; 22 cm.
(Whitehall Paper Series)
ID number: 80007973 Type: M
Library Location: 355.4 /01019
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. BALKAN PENINSULA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Added entry(s):
1. Royal United Services Institute for Defence Studies (GB)
'The present work seeks to set the Yugoslav war in a wider regional context. After an analysis of the political developments in other Balkan former communist states, it tries to pick up common strands and highlights the differences between each country in the area. Ethnic identities, faulty transitions from dictatorships to democracies, decaying economies as well as the uses and abuses of nationalist ideals are examined. The work concludes with a set of policy recommendations which could prevent the violent explosion of conflicts similar or even greater than the war currently experienced by Yugoslavia.'

Ivanov, Andrey
ISBN/ISSN:3631500068
199 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
(Euro-Atlantic Security Studies ; 1)
ID number: 80013089 Type: M
Library Location: 323 /00596
Subject(s):
1. MINORITIES--BALKAN PENINSULA
Added entry(s):
1. NATO Defence College (IT)
'Bibliography: p. 183-199.
'This monograph analyses the roots of some of the most significant ethnically-based conflicts in Europe, defines their participants' rationales, and answers the question of how they relate to the issue of European security. It is based on two case studies, former Yugoslavia and Bulgaria. Since the question of secession and self-determination is not that clearcut, the author analyses this ambiguity and examines the options. He discusses the impact of the Balkan crisis on international relations and attempts to go beyond regional security issues and to put the problem of Balkan security into a broader European perspective. This includes addressing the question as to whether NATO membership is the only solution to Eastern Europe's security concerns. In the last chapter the idea of a regional defense structure is analysed.'

Johnsen, William Thomas, 1952-
ID number: 80012579 Type: M
Library Location: 949 /00060
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
2. BALKAN PENINSULA--HISTORY
3. YUGOSLAV WAR, 1991-1995
4. YUGOSLAV WAR, 1991-1995--USA
Added entry(s):
1. US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)
'This report first outlines a brief history of the region that sets the context for current conditions. The discussion next examines the
clash of languages, religions, ethnic groups and cultures that have
shaped the region and brought the Balkan cauldron to a boil. An
examination of the political development of the area and its influence
on events follows. Based on this background, the study then offers
insights to assist decisionmakers in their policy deliberations. The
report next assesses potential policy options, and offers some brief
conclusions. Finally, while the study examines the Balkans as a whole,
greater attention focuses on matters relating to the former
Yugoslavia.'

Karaosmanoglu, Ali L.
ISBN/ISSN:929045086X
v, 22 p.; 30 cm.
(Research Paper ; 22)
ID number: 80009068 Type: M
Library Location: 323 /00508
Subject(s):
1. CONFLICTS--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Added entry(s):
1. United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research
'This study of the Balkan Crisis is organized into four parts. The
first section is devoted to the relevant history. The second section
examines the present as well as possible future conflict situations in
the region. The analysis excludes the Cyprus and Aegean disputes
because they are not typical to the outcome of post-Cold War
conditions and they do not occur in a typical Balkan environment. The
third section addresses various sources of instability which became
predominant after the Cold War. The fourth section deals with external
influences. Although no external powers have so far indulged in power
politics, some try to contribute to the restoration of peace and
stability through the UN and regional organizations. Because of the
ambiguity of their status, Turkey and Greece resemble extra-regional
actors rather than regional ones.'

Lendvai, Paul, 1929-
Eagles in Cobwebs : Nationalism and Communism in the Balkans - London :
MacDonald, 1969.
ISBN/ISSN:
xii, 396 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
ID number: 80011839 Type: M
Library Location: 329 /00174
Subject(s):
1. COMMUNISM--BALKAN PENINSULA
2. NATIONALISM--BALKAN PENINSULA
3. BALKAN PENINSULA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Nelson, Daniel N., 1948-
Security in the Balkans : A Bleak Future ? - Norfolk, VA : Old Dominion
University, 1995.
ISBN/ISSN:
32 p.; 28 cm.
(GPIS Working Paper ; 95.3)
ID number: 80012843 Type: M
Library Location: 355.4 /01157
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Added entry(s):
1. Old Dominion University (US)
This paper was prepared for a series of roundtable discussions
entitled 'The Future of NATO', held at Old Dominion University during
the 1995-96 academic year.
Norris, H. T.
ISBN/ISSN: 1850651671
xxii, 304 p. : ill. ; 23 cm.
ID number: 80010991 Type: M
Library Location: 297 /00009
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--CIVILIZATION--ISLAMIC INFLUENCES
2. ISLAM--BALKAN PENINSULA
3. MUSLIMS--BALKAN PENINSULA
'The tragic events that began to unfold in the former Yugoslavia at the beginning of the 1990s have drawn the world's attention to the history and rich culture of the Muslim communities of Bosnia especially, but also of Albania, Kosovo and Macedonia - the historic heartland of Muslim Europe. Here H. T. Norris breaks new ground by focusing on their religious and intellectual links with the Arab world, Persia and Central Asia, whereas the few previous publications on the subject have been mostly concerned with the more obvious links between the Balkan Muslims and the Turks.'

Pamir, Peri
ISBN/ISSN:
31 p.
ID number: 70003557 Type: M 18834457
Library Location: 495.2 /00080
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONES--BALKAN PENINSULA
3. BALKAN PENINSULA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Added entry(s):
1. Institute for the Study of Conflict (GB)

Winrow, Gareth
ISBN/ISSN: 0907967493
38 p.; 25 cm.
(European Security Study ; 18)
ID number: 80008848 Type: M
Library Location: 327 /00814
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--TURKEY
2. YUGOSLAV WAR, 1991-1995--TURKEY
3. TURKEY--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Added entry(s):
1. Institute for European Defence & Strategic Studies (GB)
'Turkey risks the loss of her chosen role as the 'bridge' between east and west, as well as the extinction of her hopes of joining the EEC, if her constructive moderation in the Balkans is unrewarded and unrecognised by the West. Dr. Winrow suggests that direct, unilateral Turkish military intervention in the Balkans is unlikely, unless the war spreads to Kosovo and Macedonia. In that event, Islamic fundamentalism may overwhelm the pro-Western, secularist tendencies which have dominated Turkish politics for most of the last seventy years. Much therefore is at stake in the Balkan conflict, beyond the immediate field of battle. For if that conflict and the Western response to it should result in Turkey's becoming a barrier rather than a bridge between east and west the consequences both for the Turkish people and for Europe itself could be dire indeed.'
Wolff, Robert Lee
ID number: 80007993 Type: M
Library Location: 321 /00193
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--HISTORY
2. COMMUNISM--BALKAN PENINSULA
3. BALKAN PENINSULA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Includes index.

Xhudo, Gazmen, 1965-
ISBN/ISSN: 0312160585
xiv, 207 p.; 23 cm.
ID number: 80013487 Type: M
Library Location: 327 /00939
Subject(s):
1. BALKAN PENINSULA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
2. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Bibliography: p. 188-202. Includes index.
'This study demonstrates that, in the post-Cold War era, US leadership becomes more crucial than ever. Through the adoption of a classical approach a case-study of diplomatic efforts vis-a-vis Albania and America's response to the crisis in Bosnia highlights the weakness of US policy in the former and its outright failure in the latter. Historical analysis demonstrates that recent violent nationalism in the Balkans did not suddenly erupt into violence. Instead, it remains dormant until power vacuums, the result of power politics, are created. The book seeks to show the history of Western, especially US policy failure and short-sightedness in the region and how past trends have invoked present failures and crises which have yet to be remedied.'
- Europe and the Balkans.

- Abbott, Peter

- Alp, Ali Hikmet
  The South-East Europe Co-operation Process : An Unspectacular, Indigenous, Regional Co-operation Scheme.

- Andelman, David A.
  China’s Balkan Strategy.

- Athanassopoulos, Ekavi
  Turkey and the Balkans : The View from Athens.

- Bennett, Christopher
  Balkan Breakthrough ?

  The author assesses the prospects for democratic change and self-sustaining peace and stability in the former Yugoslavia.

- Bianchini, Stefano
  The Adriatic Southeast European Area : The Balkans.

- Bilman, Levent
  The Regional Cooperation Initiatives in Southeast Europe and the Turkish Foreign Policy.

  This paper attempts to explore the major regional political and economic cooperation initiatives that appeared in the southeast corner of the European continent. It briefly examines the rationale behind each one and then looks into Turkish foreign policy about regional cooperation in the Balkans in three periods : the interwar period, the Cold War period and the post-Cold War period. Finally, this study attempts to offer an assessment of these regional initiatives.

- Binnendijk, Hans
  Simon, Jeffrey
  Preventing a Sixth Twentieth-Century Balkan War.

** This list contains material received as of November 2000 – Cette liste est arrêtée au 2 novembre 2000.
- Bugajski, Janusz
  The Balkans : On the Brink Again.

- Chiclet, Christophe
  Les minorites dans le cone sud des Balkans.
  RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES ET STRATEGIQUES, no. 28, hiver 1997, p. 78-87.

  Pres de quarante minorites s'entrecroisent, voire s'entrechoquent dans le cone sud des Balkans. Issues du brassage ottoman, les minorites n'ont ni la meme taille, ni les memes droits. Le trace des frontieres au XIXe et au XXe siecle n'a pu suivre l'inextricable geographie ethnique de la region. Malgre des longues politiques d'epuration ethnique, le probleme des minorites perdure, risquant a tout moment de destabiliser l'Albanie, la Bulgarie, la Grece et surtout la Macedoine.

- Clement, Sophia
  L' Europe du Sud-Est apres les elargissements de l' Union europeenne et de l' OTAN.
  RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES ET STRATEGIQUES, no. 28, hiver 1997, p. 139-144.

  La definition d'un nouvel ordre de securite dans l'Europe de l'apres Guerre froide et l'elargissement selectif de l'Union europeenne et de l'OTAN comportent le risque, pour les pays du Sud-Est de l'Europe qui n'ont pas ete invites a faire partie d'un des deux processus d'elargissement, d'evoluer vers des structures d'exclusion. Une definition coherent et coordonnee de l'elargissement et le renforcement des cadres de cooperation renforcee inclus dans une approche d'ensemble de la region visant a son integration sur le long terme, seraient seuls susceptibles de paillier, dans une region en nette demande de securite, les lignes de fractures actuelles ou futures et les risques d'instabilite sur le continent european.

- Clement, Sophia
  The Regional Implications of the Kosovo Crisis.

  The author provides an overview of the effects of the Kosovo conflict on the various parts of the Yugoslav Federation - Serbia, Montenegro and Kosovo itself - as well as on the two neighbouring countries that have been most strongly affected by it - Macedonia and Albania. She focuses on the recent evolution of some key factors that are bound to influence heavily the future not only of the mentioned countries, but also of the wider Balkan region : the rapidly changing political landscape and power equilibria in Serbia, the rising secessionist drives in Montenegro, the volatile interethic relations in Macedonia and the persistent inability of the Albanian government to ensure law and order in the country.

- Collet, Andre
  Les Balkans, theatre de guerre.
  DEFENSE NATIONALE, 55eme annee, no. 10, octobre 1999, p. 81-89.

- Cvicic, Christopher
  Unfinished Business in the Former Yugoslav Area.
US criticisms of Europe's efforts in the Balkans, though widely held, are deeply flawed. Focusing on the spring 1999 air war as a case study, the authors make their case for a sustained US role alongside the existing larger European contributions.

- Dini, Lamberto
  Taking Responsibility for Balkan Security.

The Kosovo crisis provided a new urgency in European security and defence, while at the same time demonstrating the primacy of human rights in international politics. Foreign Minister Dini argues that the intersection of these two realities has broad implications for NATO and for the entire system of international institutions. These institutions, with the United Nations in the forefront, must become more effective and more inclusive if we are to prevent future Kosovos from breaking out.

- Ecobescu, Nicolae

- Economides, Spiros
  The Balkans and the Search for Security.
  ARMS CONTROL, vol. 13, no. 1, April 1992, p. 121-139.

- Fakiolas, Efstathios
  Greece in the New Balkans : A Neo-Realist Approach.
  EUROPEAN SECURITY, vol. 6, no. 4, Winter 1997, p. 130-156.

Since the ending of the Cold War, there has steadily emerged among Greek elites the consensus that Greece should adopt an assertive role in determining states' behaviour in the Balkan Peninsula, and primarily with reference to Albania, Bulgaria, FYROM and Romania. It is argued that Greece has the unique opportunity to mould the strategic environment in which it directly finds itself in such a way as better to promote and protect its nationally-perceived interests and, thus, to enjoy a higher level of security.

- Favaretto, Tito
  Paving the Way for Possible Balkan Regional Cooperation.

The author examines the difficulties that the international actors are encountering - and will most probably continue to encounter - in pursuing the now widely advocated 'global' approach towards the Balkan area. In view of these difficulties, he stresses the need to follow a 'partial' approach in the short and medium term, based on differentiated actions towards the individual countries, thus taking into account the specific situation of each. What is crucial is that the new initiatives must realistically be able to contribute to countering - and eventually reversing - the current trend towards fragmentation in the area. To this end, priority should be given to the programmes related to basic infrastructures and road and railway links that can help establish an initial regional framework of economic integration and favour access to markets in the area. The author also argues that such programmes should - and can - be implemented in a way that makes them coherent with and
The post-communist states of the Balkans face daunting challenges as they experiment with pluralism. The absence of a strong democratic tradition, national rivalries within and between states, weak civil society, and the impact of communism on political culture, complicate the emergence of open politics. There is a lack of agreement about the management of political competition and an absence of political institutions able to integrate conflicting forces. Compared with democratizing southern Europe, the Balkans faces numerous handicaps, and support from heartland democracies has been meagre. The fate of democracy may well be determined by events outside local control, namely the economic situation and the outcome of the war in former Yugoslavia.

- Gallagher, Tom
  Democratization in the Balkans: Challenges and Prospects.

- Gallagher, Tom
  To Be Or Not To Be Balkan: Romania's Quest for Self-Definition.

- Gautier, Xavier
  Balkans: la contagion.

- Glenny, Misha
  Has Anyone Seen Our Policy?
  WASHINGTON QUARTERLY, vol. 23, no. 4, Autumn 2000, p. 171-175.

- Glenny, Misha
  Heading Off War in the Southern Balkans.

The EU, US and NATO still have developed no coherent strategy that will ensure long-term peace and democracy in the region. If policymakers continue to fail in their search for an effective common policy, there will be more war.
How can the worst effects of war or economic transition be avoided? The Marshall Plan rescued Europe but little was on offer for the former Soviet states. Will Western nations make the same costly mistake for the Balkans, or is there the will to carry out a second Marshall Plan?

Kosovo has reinforced the Balkans' image as a cauldron of ethnic hatred. Many commentators argue that the region has always been wracked by ancient hatreds, while others maintain that today's strains are artificially created by cynical postcommunist demagogues looking to legitimate their rule. Neither school has it right. Balkan ethnic strains are neither as ancient as time nor as recent as the rise to power of Slobodan Milosevic; rather, they are about as old as the dissolution of the Ottoman Empire. To a historian, today's Balkan crises are rooted in, above all, a crippling dependence on the ideology of expansionist nationalism.

Each of these theories is part truth and part myth. In any case, all Balkan countries have witnessed the major transition from empire to nation and are attempting to construct a State at a time when this concept is in crisis throughout Europe. The task has become even tougher, with a number of countries facing uncertainties in terms of identity and borders. Over and above specific characteristics, their future will depend on their willingness to construct true 'republican democracies'. And this also depends on the West and the United Nations having a real long-term commitment to combat violence and xenophobia in the region.

Russia's Balkan policy largely follows traditional patterns which were established under the Tsar's and during the communist era. Moscow's 'new' military approach reaffirmed the claim that the former Soviet Republics ('near abroad') and adjacent countries ('intermediate and distant abroad') from the Baltic to the Black Sea were an area of Russian interest. The Balkans were designated as an area of 'specific strategic interest'. South-east European countries which were not included in the first wave of NATO expansion to the east fear that the West is allowing Russian policy even more influence in Balkan affairs, in view of its own collaboration with Moscow. The author illustrates in this article how the Russian government hopes to gain influence through political, economic and military ties with the Balkans. He points out the gap that has arisen in reality between Moscow's imperial claims and its limited capabilities.
The analysis is based on agency and press reports and former researches by the author.

- Klein, Jacques Paul
  Stopping the Whirlwind.

  A whirlwind of destruction and violence, unleashed by Slobodan Milosevic in 1989, has torn through Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia and has now come, full circle, to an appalling climax in Kosovo. The Iron Curtain has been replaced by a new division with South Eastern Europe. Behind, languishes a zone of instability and misery. At its core is a regime that for a decade has exported hatred and bloodshed to its neighbours and, if left unchecked, could spread its poison elsewhere.

- Kramer, Heinz
  The European Union in the Balkans: Another Step Towards European Integration.

- Larrabee, F. Stephen
  Instability and Change in the Balkans.
  SURVIVAL, vol. 34, no. 2, Summer 1992, p. 31-49.

- Larrabee, F. Stephen
  Long Memories and Short Fuses: Change and Instability in the Balkans.

  This article focuses on the security problems in the Balkans after the Cold War. The first section examines the problems of democratization and consolidation in the 'post-communist' states of the Balkans. The second section focuses on the crisis in Yugoslavia. The third section looks at a number of unresolved ethnic and territorial conflicts in the area and their implications for regional security. The final section examines the potential role of Western policy, especially that of the United States, in enhancing security in South-eastern Europe.

- Lendvai, Paul
  Tensions nationales et menace sur la securite dans les Balkans.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Auswartige Einflusse in Sudosteuropa.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Deutschlands Rolle auf dem Balkan.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Die interbalkanischen Beziehungen: Heute und Morgen.
  EUROPÄISCHE SICHERHEIT, 42. Jg., Nr. 3, Marz 1993, S. 132-134.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Macht und Ohnmacht Russlands auf dem Balkan.
  EUROPÄISCHE SICHERHEIT, 42. Jg., Nr. 4, April 1993, S. 197-200.
- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Die Rolle Deutschlands auf dem Balkan.
  EUROPAISCHE SICHERHEIT, 42. Jg., Nr. 11, November 1993, S. 558-560.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Turkische Aussenpolitik auf dem Balkan.
  EUROPAISCHE SICHERHEIT, 42. Jg., Nr. 9, September 1993, S. 443-445.

- Manousakis, Gregor M.
  Verhaltnisse wie am Beginn und nicht am Ende unseres Jahrhunderts :
  konfliktfeld Balkan.

- Massoula, Dimitra
  Les Balkans et la politique grecque.

La Grece, membre de l'Union europeenne et de l'OTAN, pays balkanique,
europeen et mediterraneen se met a valoriser ses atouts geopolitiques,
gerestrategiques, geoeconomiques et geoculturels dans la region. Elle
s'apprete a jouer le role de protagoniste euro-atlantique sur la scene
regionale. Entouree au Nord et a l'Est d'un arc turc et/ou musulman, elle
pourrait eventuellement saisir les evolutions et les integrer selon son
orientation euro-atlantique.

- Mintchev, Emil
  Friedensordnung nach dem Kosovo-Krieg : eine integrative Strategie fur
den Balkan.

Der Balkan ist wieder zum Pulverfass Europas geworden. Mintchev pladiert
fur einen Stabilitatspakt fur die krisengeschuttelte Region und einen
neuen 'Marshall-Plan' nach Kriegsende mit dem Ziel, die Region in die
europaischen und euroatlantischen Strukturen zu integrieren.

- Mintchev, Emil
  Sind neue Strategien auf dem Balkan notwendig ?

- Nelson, Daniel N.
  Balkan Insecurities.
  41-57.

- Nelson, Daniel N.
  A Balkan Perspective.

This article discusses the causes of the Balkan imbroglio and the
conditions that exacerbate the region's instability. Unless there is a
radical and purposeful shift of Western policy toward mechanisms for
collective security and conflict prevention, we are apt to see far more
conflict than security in the Balkans.

- O'Hanlon, Michael
  Arms Control and Military Stability in the Balkans.
  ARMS CONTROL TODAY, vol. 26, no. 6, August 1996, p. 3-8.
The winter of 1996-97 has ushered in the most serious political crises to hit Albania, Bulgaria and Serbia since the various brands of Balkan communism collapsed between 1989-91. People power has reasserted itself. A massive wave of protests directed against authorities desperate to hang on to power at the national or local levels has managed in quick succession to topple two governments and forced a third to concede defeat in key municipal elections.

The author examines the challenges facing the European Union in southeastern Europe and analyses current policies to meet them.

The author examines the major external and indigenous factors that fuel organised crime and the many sorts of illegal trafficking in the Balkans, suggesting a series of cooperation initiatives that, based on past experience, can contribute to countering them.

South-eastern Europe has long been regarded as the most volatile region of the continent. At the end of the 20th century as at the beginning, the world has associated it with conflict. After the fall of the Berlin Wall, as east and west found ways of integrating, the Balkans were still regarded as troublesome, a feeling borne out by the violence and destruction of the wars in the former Yugoslavia. As a regional player which has managed to come through its difficult recent history to establish sound democratic institutions, Romania seeks to play a role helping its neighbours to achieve similar success. The author discusses here his country's perception of the strategic outlook for the region, setting out suggestions for the way ahead through the international community and highlighting Romania's contribution. While peacekeepers have been necessary, they cannot stay forever, and the countries of South-East Europe need help to help themselves.

NATO's bombing campaign against Yugoslavia had many failings, but it was nonetheless a means for establishing a regional security order. NATO made a deliberate effort to weaken the Serbian government's ability to damage the region. But regional security built on the foundations of the bombing risks penalizing not only the Serbian state but the Serb people. Serbia needs to be included in all four dimensions of a regional approach: economic, political, security, and reconciliation. An integrated Serbia is far more likely to develop a political environment in which the madness of the Milosevic era can be left behind.

Peace in the Balkans depends on economic stability and prosperity for all. To overcome the legacies of failed economic reforms and ethnic strife, southeastern Europe needs nothing short of a European 'New Deal'. Sound money and free trade can take root in the Balkans only if the EU expands the euro and its trade arrangements to the region promptly, with no strings attached. But the EU's current approach, which attaches conditions to membership in its elite clubs, falls far short.
The purpose of this article is twofold. Firstly, it attempts to show how the socio-political strength of a state relates to its security. This may help to understand why the creation of socio-politically strong states in the Balkans is a precondition for national security and development as well as regional and international stability. Secondly, it discusses the implications of state policy to the region. Policy ramifications are equally important for regional and extra-regional states.

Tsardanidis, C.
Karafotakis, E.
Greece's Economic Diplomacy: Toward the Balkan Countries.

Tsoukalis, Loukas
Economic Aspects of European and Balkan Regional Integration.

Veiga, Francisco
Remodelar los Balcanes.

Xhudo, Gus
Tension Among Neighbors: Greek-Albanian Relations and Their Impact on Regional Security and Stability.

Yerasimos, Stephane
L'autre Alexandre.
Dr. Elena Zamfirescu here examines the dangers of inaccurate portrayals of the security needs and desires of the new democracies of Central and Southern Europe. Arguing that these misleading perceptions can have real practical consequences for policy decisions, she concludes that a whole and consistent approach to Western security investment in Central and Southern Europe is vital for European security as a whole if the 'siege mentality' of some analysts is not to lead us dangerously 'back to the future'.

- Zamfirescu, Elena
  'The Flight' from the Balkans.
  RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 139, no. 6, December 1994, p. 58-64.

- Zamfirescu, Elena
  NATO and the Balkans.
PART III : WEBSITES SELECTION
TROISIEME PARTIE : SELECTION DE SITES WEB

Balkans Today
http://www.centraleurope.com/balkanstoday
The leading source for news and information about Central Europe.

Common Dreams News Center
http://www.commondreams.org/kosovo/maps.htm
This site contains maps on Kosovo and the Balkans region.

EastWest Institute
http://www.iews.org
The aim of the Institute is to defuse tensions and conflicts that threaten geopolitical stability while building democracy, free enterprise and prosperity in Central and Eastern Europe, Russia and other states of Eurasia.

Erik Herron's Guide to Central and Eastern Europe on the Web
http://www.isp.msu.edu/cers/resources/herron/cee/maincee.htm
This collection of links is intended to facilitate research on political and economic developments in the post-communist states of Central and Eastern Europe. It is updated regularly to include sites that provide useful information in English and the languages of the region. Subject categories are Central Government, Ministries and Agencies, Institutes and NGOs, News and Media, Political Parties and Politicians. The site is sponsored by the Center for European & Russian Studies, Michigan State University.

European Reconstruction and Development in South East Europe
http://www.seerecon.org
This site aims to provide a real-time working tool to help donors to identify the current situation in South East Europe and the macroeconomic needs of the countries. The site is managed by the joint European Commission/World Bank Office for South East Europe.

Institute for War and Peace Reporting
http://www.iwpr.net
Publishes 'Balkan Crisis Reports', a bi-weekly report providing coverage of events in Kosovo, Serbia, Montenegro, and throughout the region.

REESWeb : Russian and East European Studies
http://www.ucis.pitt.edu/reesweb
A comprehensive index of electronic resources on the Balkans, the Baltic states, the Caucasus, Central Asia, Central Europe, the CIS, Eastern Europe, the NIS, the Russian Federation, and the former Soviet Union. Sponsored by the Center for Russian and East European Studies of the University of Pittsburgh.

US Department of State. Office of International Information Programs
http://usinfo.state.gov/regional/eur/balkans
This site contains information on various policy issues.
PREVIOUS ISSUES ALSO AVAILABLE FROM THE LIBRARY:

(MORE TITLES ARE AVAILABLE ON THE LIBRARY INTRANET SITE: HTTP://NT15.B.HQ.NATO.INT/LIBRARY (MINERVA) OR HTTP://NT18/LIBRARY (EAPC)

No. 5/99 Ballistic Missiles
No. 8/99 Refugees and Migration Problems
No. 9/99 The Sanctions Dilemma
No. 2/00 The State of the Russian Economy
No. 3/00 The Baltic States
No. 4/00 The NPT since 1995
No. 5/00 NATO and the EAPC/PIP
No. 6/00 The European Security and Defence Identity/Policy (ESDI/P)
No. 7/00 'Information Warfare'

ANCIENS NUMEROS EGÄLEMENT DISPONIBLES A LA BIBLIOTHEQUE:

(D'AUTRES TITRES SONT EGÄLEMENT DISPONIBLES SUR LE SITE INTRANET DE LA BIBLIOTHEQUE :
HTTP://NT15.B.HQ.NATO.INT/LIBRARY (MINERVA) OU HTTP://NT18/LIBRARY (CPEA)

No. 5/99 Les missiles ballistiques
No. 8/99 Les réfugiés et les problèmes de migration
No. 9/99 Les sanctions : un dilemme
No. 2/00 L'état de l'économie russe
No. 3/00 Les Etats Baltes
No. 4/00 Le TNP depuis 1995
No. 5/00 L'OTAN et le CPEA/PIP
No. 6/00 L'Identité/La Politique Européenne de Sécurité et de Défense (IESD/PESC)
No. 7/00 'La guerre de l'information'