

Emerging Security Challenges Division 5:00 AM - 7:30 AM PDT | 8:00 AM - 10:30 AM EDT | 1:00 PM - 3:30 PM CET | 2:00 PM - 4:30 PM EET



Context

In Ukraine, Canada and other NATO allied and partner nations, the advancement of women's participation and integration into military service followed by a successful transition and reintegration to civilian life is a top priority. Military to civilian transition (MCT) research demonstrates that while many releasing military personnel experience unique challenges and needs, most reintegrate successfully, especially with the benefit of preparation and adequate access to effective supports. However, some will experience severe difficulties in varying areas of life, such as: forming a civilian identity, employment, finances, mental health, PTSD and other common mental health conditions. The societal impacts of a failed MCT have been well documented. For these reasons, adopting effective evidence-based policies to support successful MCT is a high priority internationally.

In recent years, research has emerged that provides guidance to nations for effective MCT policies and programs. Nevertheless, key areas remain understudied, including the development of transition theories and multidomain frameworks to support transition policymaking, with emphasis on meeting the specialized needs of women transitioning out of military service. One key priority area is understanding how women experience PTSD and other common mental health conditions when they return from combat zones.

Goal

Apply a gender lens to translate existing research to policy opportunities and define priorities for new research relevant to MCT policy development for NATO member and partner nations.



Impact

The project will adapt current frameworks, and examples reviewed through gender-based lenses to better support policy development to advance successful MCT for woman combatants.



Deliverables

During the virtual workshop, speakers from Ukraine, Canada and the United States will apply a gender lens to MCT research findings, theories, and frameworks, to advance this area of research. Released or releasing Joint Force Operations (JFO) women combatants in Ukraine with lived experience will be given a voice to inform the workshop proceedings and outcomes. The final workshop report will summarize immediate research-to-action opportunities and clarify the path forward for possible new projects and studies.



Agenda

Thursday, November 4, 2021: 5:00 AM - 7:30 AM PDT | 8:00 AM - 10:30 AM EDT | 1:00 PM - 3:30 PM CET | 2:00 PM - 4:30 PM EET

8:00 AM	Opening Remarks
	Emcee: Maj (Ret'd) Yvonne Cooper , CD, Executive Director, Canadian Institute for Military and Veteran Health Research (CIMVHR)
	Olena Susiova , Women's Information Consultative Center (WICC), Ukraine
	David Pedlar, PhD, Scientific Director, CIMVHR, Canada
8:10 AM	Perspective from NATO
	David van Weel , Assistant Secretary General for Emerging Security Challenges, NATO
8:15 AM	Perspective from Ukraine
	H. E. Ms. Nataliia Galibarenko , Head of the Mission of Ukraine to NATO
8:20 AM	Perspective from Canada
	H.E. Ms. Larisa Galadza, Ambassador of Canada to Ukraine
8:25 AM	A personal perspective
	Yuliya Hromova, Ukrainian Veteran

BACKGROUND AND PROBLEM DEFINITION

8:40 AM	Military to Civilian Transition (MCT) - The Big Picture
	Carl Castro, PhD, Professor and Director of the University of Southern California for Innovation and Research on Veterans and Military Families and the Military and Veterans Program Sanela Dursun, PhD, Chief Scientist, Department of National Defence, Canada
8:50 AM	Summarize NATO, United Nations and Ukraine Support for Advancing Women's Integration as Priority Citing Past Declarations
	Olena Suslova, WICC, Ukraine
8:40 AM	NATO SPS Programme
	Dr. Deniz Beten , Senior SPS And Partnership Cooperation Advisor, NATO Emerging Security Challenges Division

9:00 AM	Overview of Women in Military and as Veterans in Ukraine, Canada,
	and the United States

Ivona Kostyna, Chairperson, The Ukraine Veteran Hub, Ukraine Sanela Dursun, PhD, Chief Scientist, Department of National Defence, Canada

Dawne Vogt, PhD, Health Research Scientist, Women's Health Sciences Division of NCPTSD, VA Boston Healthcare System & Professor of Psychiatry, Boston University School of Medicine, USA

RESEARCH METHODS TO STUDY MCT

9:15 AM	The Needs of Women Veterans in Transition to Post- Service Life
	Margaret C. McKinnon, PhD, CPsych, Homewood Chair in Mental Health and Trauma, Associate Professor and Associate Chair, Research, Department of Psychiatry and Behavioural Neurosciences, McMaster University Linna Tam-Seto, PhD, Research Associate, McMaster University, Canada
9:30 AM	Break

SUMMARY OF ISSUES IDENTIFIED IN PREVIOUS CONSULTATIONS ABOUT WOMEN VETERANS

9:35 AM	Integrated Summary of Issues and Challenges
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Linna Tam-Seto, PhD, Research Associate, McMaster University, Canada

Ivona Kostyna, Chairperson, The Ukraine Veteran Hub, Ukraine

CONCLUDING REMARKS

10:10 AM	Open Discussion and Comments
	David Pedlar , CIMVHR Olena Suslova , WICC
10:20 AM	Closing Remarks
	Deniz Yuksel-Beten, PhD , Senior SPS & Partnership Cooperation Advisor, NATO David Pedlar , CIMVHR Olena Suslova , WICC

10:30 AM Workshop Ends



Participating Institutions



Canadian Institute for Military and Veteran Health Research (CIMVHR)

CIMVHR is an innovative organization that engages existing academic research resources and facilitates the development of new research, research capacity and effective knowledge translation. Founded by Queen's University and the Royal Military College, CIMVHR has a network of academic researchers from across Canada and serves as the hub for 46 Canadian universities and 14 Global Affiliates who work together in addressing the health research requirements of the Canadian military, Veterans and their families.



Women's Information Consultative Centre (WICC)

The WICC was established in 1995. The main objective of the WICC is to provide a forum for discussion of gender-related issues in society, in all sectors and at all levels, to aid in understanding gender transformation, eliminate gender discrimination, and ensure gender equality. The center's activities to achieve these goals focus on disseminating information, providing education and training, conducting research and analysis, and advocacy work. Since 2014 the WICC works actively on Women, Peace, and Security Agenda.



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The Science for Peace and Security

The Science for Peace and Security (SPS) Programme is an established brand for NATO based on four pillars: science, partnership, security, and unconventional issues (hybrid threats). It has been contributing to the core goals of the Alliance for more than six decades. Today, the SPS Programme continues to be one of the largest and most important partnership programmes addressing 21st century security challenges, particularly cyber defence, counter-terrorism, CBRN defence, energy security and advanced technologies.

The NATO Science for Peace and Security (SPS) Programme enhances security-related civil science and technology to address emerging security challenges and their impacts on international security. It connects scientists, experts and officials from NATO and Partner countries to work together to address these challenges. The SPS Programme provides funding and expert advice for security-relevant activities in the form of Multi-Year Projects (MYP), Advanced Research Workshops (ARW), Advanced Training Courses (ATC), and Advanced Study Institutes (ASI). SPS activities are always demand-driven, modular, and designed to meet the requirements of the nation(s) and end user(s). The relevance of SPS activities in response to NATO Strategic Objectives and political priorities is reinforced also via special calls, which are issued on an ad hoc basis to draw the attention of the scientific community towards current topics of interest for Allies.

(SPS) Programme

Every year,
approximatively
2000 experts participate
in SPS activities and help
to build capacity in partner
nations, and support
NATO's security
efforts.

More than 20
Nobel Laureates
have been involved in
the SPS Programme, a
testament to the scientific
excellence supported
by the SPS
Programme.

Young scientists
are also actively
supported through SPS
activities, which contribute
to broaden their
professional network
and scientific
expertise.

The SPS Programme also has a high public diplomacy value for NATO, providing the Alliance with separate, non-military communication channels by bringing together experts from NATO and Partner countries, often in situations or regions where other forms of dialogue more directly focused on defence and security are difficult to establish. Accordingly, the Programme enables NATO to become actively involved in such regions, often serving as the first concrete link between NATO and a new Partner.



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You can find further information on our website:

www.nato.int/science

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