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**SOUTH AFRICA TEN YEARS AFTER THE
END OF APARTHEID
L'AFRIQUE DU SUD DIX ANS APRÈS LA FIN
DE L'APARTHEID**

Bibliographies Thématiques
No. 6/2004

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PART I : BOOKS

PREMIERE PARTIE : LIVRES*

2003

327 /01177

South Africa's Post-Apartheid Foreign Policy : From Reconciliation to Revival ? - Oxford, UK : Oxford University Press.

90 p. ; 4 cm.

(Adelphi Papers ; 362)

ISBN: 0198530781

Author(s):

1. Alden, Chris
2. Pere, Garth le

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN RELATIONS

Added entry(s):

1. International Institute for Strategic Studies (GB)

Notes:

'This paper analyses and assesses South African foreign policy from the onset of the democratic transition to the contemporary period. The focus is on the question of South African leadership in the context of this transition; the challenges and opportunities South Africa faces within its immediate region and in Africa as a whole; and, more broadly, the country's aspirations to an international role in the South. It provides a comprehensive review of South African foreign policy over the past decade, including new material on key aspects of the transition and the consolidation of foreign policy under Mandela and Mbeki. It looks critically at the interplay between foreign-policy themes - human rights, development and security - at the regional and continental levels through an investigation of specific case studies in central and southern Africa. It also investigates the role of South Africa in promoting an economic and political revival of the African continent.'

ID number: 80019096

Year: 2003

2001

321 /00349 REF

South Africa Yearbook : 2001/02 - Pretoria : Government Communication and Information System.

648 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

ISBN: 1919855092

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. SOUTH AFRICA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
3. SOUTH AFRICA--SOCIAL CONDITIONS
4. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
5. SOUTH AFRICA--NATIONAL SECURITY

Notes:

Includes index.

ID number: 80018167

Edition: 8th ed.

Year: 2001

* This list contains material received as of April 28th, 2004 – Cette liste est arrêtée au 28 avril 2004.

1999

323 /00652

South Africa : Potential of Mbeki's Presidency - London : RISCT.

36 p.; 25 cm.

(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 319/320)

Author(s):

1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Added entry(s):

1. Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)

Notes:

'A significant milestone was reached in South Africa in June 1999. Nelson Mandela's formal retirement from the political scene marked 'the end of the beginning', but as the new Government, under President Thabo Mbeki, asserts its authority and actively implements its policies, the internal struggle could well intensify. The author assesses here the significance of the new Government following the 1999 Election and forecasts future developments in the Republic. The study deals with the new ministerial appointments and the machinery of government in the key departments, considers South Africa's regional role, the changed political scene and threats to progress. In conclusion, Professor Gutteridge looks at omens and prospects and shows how Mbeki has the enormous task of turning a dream or vision into an enduring reality.'

ID number: 80015942

Year: 1999

1997

355 /00362

South Africa's Future Defence and Security : Identifying the National Interest - London : RISCT.

24 p.; 25 cm.

(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 298)

Author(s):

1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--MILITARY POLICY
2. SOUTH AFRICA--ARMED FORCES
3. WEAPONS INDUSTRY--SOUTH AFRICA
4. ARMS SALES--SOUTH AFRICA

Added entry(s):

1. Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)

Notes:

'In South Africa more than most countries it is impossible to isolate defence policy from the economy not only because of the cost of maintaining the defence force but because of the contribution which military sales abroad can make to export earnings. Correspondingly the destinations of such sales affect and even trend to predetermine foreign policy. The reports reproduced here - based primarily on interviews with key political and military figures and other experts in South Africa - describe and comment on the debate between the economic realists, the anti-militarists or pacifists and human rights campaigners who are all having the opportunity to contribute to the defence review. The issues and controversies involved have significance well beyond South Africa especially in relation to the changing ethos of armed forces and the ethics of the arms trade.'

ID number: 80013951

Year: 1997

323 /00633

L'apartheid - Paris : Presses Universitaires de France.

126 p. : ill. ; 18 cm.

(Que Sais-Je ? ; 2046)

ISBN: 2130475078

Author(s):

1. Guitard, Odette

Subject(s):

1. APARTHEID

Notes:

Bibliography: p. 124-125.

ID number: 80015271

Edition: 4e ed.

Year: 1996

327.8 /00133

Intelligence Services for a Democratic South Africa : Ensuring
Parliamentary Control - London : RISCT.

27 p. ; 25 cm.

(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 286)

Author(s):

1. MacCarthy, Shaun

Subject(s):

1. INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--SOUTH AFRICA

Added entry(s):

1. Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)

Notes:

'South Africa's new Constitution makes specific provision for the intelligence services. This unusual step is intended to ensure parliamentary control and avoid the kind of abuses of power that happened in the apartheid area. Chapter 13 of the Constitution and a commentary on it are included as appendices in this thought-provoking study by Shaun McCarthy, himself a former member of one of South Africa's intelligence services. On the basis of his first hand knowledge and other related experience the author reviews the recent history in particular of the National Intelligence Service (NIS) and Military Intelligence (MI). He then proceeds to consider the problems of their adaptation and reform to meet the needs of a democratic society under the Government of National Unity and at the same time integration with the ANC's own intelligence structures.'

ID number: 80012674

Year: 1996

321 /00560

South Africa : Twelve Perspectives on the Transition - Westport, CT :
Praeger.

xii, 203 p. ; 23 cm.

(The Washington papers, 0278-937X ; 165)

ISBN: 0275950867

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

2. APARTHEID

Added entry(s):

1. Kitchen, Helen A., ed.

2. Kitchen, J. Coleman, ed.

3. Georgetown University. Center for Strategic and International
Studies (US)

Notes:

Includes index.

'In this unique volume, Helen Kitchen's contributors (operating from a wide range of professional and geographical bases) focus on the

roles played by critical segments of South Africa's diverse society. These insightful analyses illuminate the sequence of events leading up to 1994's democratic and orderly transition to postapartheid nationhood.'

ID number: 80011209

Year: 1994

441 /00042

Plus ça change ...? : The European Union 'Joint Action' and South Africa - Brussels : Centre for European Policy Studies.

33 p.; 21 cm.

(CEPS Paper ; 57)

ISBN: 9290791756

Author(s):

1. Holland, Martin

Subject(s):

1. EU--SOUTH AFRICA

2. EU--CFSP

Added entry(s):

1. Centre for European Policy Studies (BE)

Notes:

'The author analyses here the history of Europe's policy towards South Africa in the framework of CFSP and its predecessor, EPC. In the process, he addresses the question of whether there are any procedural let alone content differences under the CFSP that make the

elevation of South Africa to a joint action significant. The author

also recently had the opportunity to serve on the EU's 307-member team sent to South Africa to observe the country's first all-race elections held in April. In a postscript to the paper, Mr. Holland examines the extent to which the EU's CFSP objectives and

expectations matched the actual practice of election observation in South Africa.'

ID number: 80010469

Year: 1994

323 /00530

The Military in South African Politics : Champions of National Unity ? -

London : RISCT.

29 p.; 25 cm.

(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 271)

Author(s):

1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--ARMED FORCES--POLITICAL ACTIVITY

2. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

3. CIVIL-MILITARY RELATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA

Added entry(s):

1. Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)

Notes:

'In this analysis of the role the military are likely to take in the maintenance of stability and the creation of national unity, Professor Gutteridge offers a positive and pragmatic scenario for the future of South Africa. He charts the recent history of both the South African Defence Force and the military wing of the ANC and shows how their interests have converged in the establishment of the new South African National Defence Force. The study considers potential threats and dangers to national unity, but concludes that both Nelson Mandela, the new President, and former president de Klerk share a vision of national unity which the development of a professional and integrated defence force could help them realise, in the climate of conciliation which they have both been at pains to generate.'

ID number: 80010174

Year: 1994

1990

323 /00423

South Africa : Apartheid's Endgame - London : RISCT.

36 p.; 25 cm.

(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 228)

Author(s):

1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

2. APARTHEID

Added entry(s):

1. Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)

ID number: 80004387

Year: 1990

1989

323 /00396

South Africa : The Next Step Forward : A Top-Level Examination of South Africa's Progress Towards a Multi-Racial Democracy - Cheltenham, UK : Intelligence International Limited.

16 p.; 26 cm.

(Intelligence Digest Briefing Paper ; 128)

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

2. APARTHEID

Added entry(s):

1. Intelligence International Limited (GB)

ID number: 80004024

Year: 1989

355.4 /00833

Afrique du Sud : une strategie dans l'impasse - Paris : Ecole des Hautes Etudes en Sciences Sociales.

132 p. ; 24 cm.

(Cahiers d'etudes strategiques ; 13)

ISBN: 2905758043

Author(s):

1. Santos, Alberto

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

2. SOUTH AFRICA--MILITARY POLICY

Added entry(s):

1. Centre Interdisciplinaire de Recherches sur la Paix et d'Etudes Strategiques (FR)

2. Ecole des Hautes Etudes en Sciences Sociales. Groupe de Sociologie de la Defense (FR)

ID number: 70005786

Year: 1989

1988

327 /00635

The West and South Africa : myths, interests and policy options - London : Croom Helm.

viii, 79 p. ; 22 cm.

(Atlantic papers, 0571-7795 ; 67)

ISBN: 0709951183

Author(s):

1. Boles, Elizabeth

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN OPINION

2. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT--FOREIGN OPINION

3. SOUTH AFRICA--RACE RELATIONS--FOREIGN OPINION

Notes:

Includes bibliographical references.

ID number: 70001512

Year: 1988

323 /00381

South Africa : In Transition to What? - New York : Praeger.

xii, 201 p.; 24 cm.

(The Washington papers, 0278-937X ; 132)

ISBN: 0275929752

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Added entry(s):

1. Kitchen, Helen A., ed.
2. Georgetown University. Center for Strategic and International Studies (US)

Notes:

Includes index.

ID number: 70001356

Year: 1988

1987

323 /00359

South Africa : On the Brink of Democratic Solution - Cheltenham, UK : Intelligence International Limited.

15 p.; 25 cm.

(Intelligence Digest Briefing Paper ; 117)

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Added entry(s):

1. Intelligence International Limited (GB)

ID number: 80000063

Year: 1987

355.4 /00747

South Africa's security dilemmas - New York : Praeger.

xiii, 112 p. : maps ; 25 cm.

(The Washington papers, 0278-937X ; 126)

ISBN: 0275927717

Author(s):

1. Coker, Christopher

Subject(s):

1. SOUTH AFRICA--NATIONAL SECURITY

Notes:

'Published with the Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington, D.C.'

Bibliography: p. 98-105. Includes index.

ID number: 70003156

Year: 1987

1986

323 /00409

Afrique du Sud : la derniere guerre de l'apartheid - Bruxelles : GRIP.

43 p. : ill.; 27 cm.

(GRIP informations, 0771-1786 ; 9)

Subject(s):

1. APARTHEID

Added entry(s):

1. Groupe de Recherche et d'Information sur la Paix (BE)

ID number: 80004025

Year: 1986

323 /00352
Move Your Shadow : South Africa, Black and White - London : Michael Joseph.
ix, 389 p.; 25 cm.
ISBN: 0718126610
Author(s):
1. Lelyveld, Joseph
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
2. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Notes:
Bibliography: p. 378-379. Includes index.
ID number: 70001340
Year: 1986

327.5 /00291
South Africa and its neighbours : the dynamics of regional conflict - London : International Institute for Strategic Studies.
78 p. : map ; 22 cm.
(Adelphi papers, 0567-932X ; 209)
ISBN: 0860791033
Author(s):
1. Jaster, Robert S.
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--MILITARY RELATIONS--AFRICA, SOUTHERN
2. AFRICA, SOUTHERN--MILITARY RELATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA
Notes:
Bibliography: p. 74-75.
ID number: 70001763
Year: 1986

1985

327.5 /00276
The South African crisis : time for international action - London : Institute for the Study of Conflict.
22 p., [1] : map ; 25 cm.
(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 179)
Author(s):
1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Notes:
Includes bibliographical references.
Begins where no. 131, South Africa--Evolution or Revolution, ends.
ID number: 70001751
Year: 1985

1984

323 /00284
Rapport special du Directeur general sur l'application de la Declaration concernant la politique d'apartheid en Afrique du Sud - Geneve : Bureau International du Travail.
195 p.; 24 cm.
ISBN: 922203435X
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
Added entry(s):
1. Bureau International du Travail (CH)
ID number: 80000235
Year: 1984

323 /00283
Special report of the Director-General on the application of the
declaration concerning the policy of apartheid in South Africa -
Geneva : International Labour Office.
176 p. ; 24 cm.
ISBN: 9221034356
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
Added entry(s):
1. International Labour Office (CH)
ID number: 70001281
Year: 1984

323 /00297
South Africa : Evolution or Revolution ? - London : Institute for the
Study of Conflict.
38 p. : ill. ; 26 cm.
(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 171)
Author(s):
1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Added entry(s):
1. Institute for the Study of Conflict (GB)
ID number: 80004038
Year: 1984

| |
|-------------|
| 1983 |
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341.2 /00146
The border wars : South Africa's response - London : Institute for the
Study of Conflict.
19 p. : maps ; 25 cm.
(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 152)
Author(s):
1. Menaul, Stewart
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ANGOLA
2. ANGOLA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA
3. GUERRILLAS--ANGOLA
4. GUERRILLAS--SOUTH AFRICA
5. GUERRILLAS--NAMIBIA
ID number: 70002487
Year: 1983

355.4 /00446
A regional security role for Africa's front-line states : experience and
prospects - London : International Institute for Strategic Studies.
45 p. ; 25 cm.
(Adelphi papers, 0567-932X ; 180)
ISBN: 0860790665
Author(s):
1. Jaster, Robert S.
Subject(s):
1. AFRICA, SOUTHERN--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. AFRICA, SOUTHERN--MILITARY RELATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA
3. SOUTH AFRICA--MILITARY RELATIONS--AFRICA, SOUTHERN
Notes:
Cover title.
Includes bibliographical references.
ID number: 70002931
Year: 1983

327 /00835
Instability and Conflict in Southern Africa : South Africa's Role in
Regional Security - London : Institute for the Study of Conflict.
26 p. : ill. ; 25 cm.
(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 148)
Author(s):
1. Geldenhuys, Deon
2. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-
Subject(s):
1. POLITICAL STABILITY--AFRICA, SOUTHERN
2. SOUTH AFRICA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Added entry(s):
1. Institute for the Study of Conflict (GB)
ID number: 70001264
Year: 1983

1982

321 /00333
L'Afrique du Sud, un bouc emissaire? : un bilan positif - Bruxelles :
Vander.
236 p., [32] p. of plates : il
Author(s):
1. Jorissen, Wim, 1922-
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA
Notes:
Translation of: Zondebok Zuid-Afrika.
ID number: 70001170
Year: 1982

1981

323 /00248
South Africa : Strategy for Survival? - London : Institute for the Study
of Conflict.
32 p. : ill. ; 25 cm.
(Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 131)
Author(s):
1. Gutteridge, William Frank, 1919-
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. NAMIBIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
3. APARTHEID
Added entry(s):
1. Institute for the Study of Conflict (GB)
ID number: 70001255
Year: 1981

1980

355.4 /00366
South Africa's narrowing security options - London : International
Institute for Strategic Studies.
51 p. ; 25 cm.
(Adelphi papers, 0567-932X ; 159)
ISBN: 086079038X
Author(s):
1. Jaster, Robert S.
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. SOUTH AFRICA--MILITARY POLICY
3. SOUTH AFRICA--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Notes:
Includes bibliographical references.
ID number: 70002871
Year: 1980

1977

323 /00204
Cap Sud : le pivot africain - Paris : Lavauzelle.
252 p. ; 24 cm.
Author(s):
1. Leguebe, Jacques
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. APARTHEID
ID number: 80009433
Year: 1977

968 /00002
A history of South Africa - London : Cassell.
ix, 387 p. : maps ; 22 cm.
ISBN: 0304295450
Author(s):
1. Lacour-Gayet, Robert
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--HISTORY
Notes:
Translation of Histoire de l'Afrique du Sud.
Bibliography: p. 353-365. Includes index.
ID number: 70005325
Year: 1977

1976

323 /00198
The United Nations : The Abhorrent Misapplication of the Charter in
Respect of South Africa - Zwolle : W.E.J. Tjeenk Willink.
viii, 121 p. ; 25 cm.
ISBN: 9027111510
Author(s):
1. Lint, George J. de
Subject(s):
1. UNITED NATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA
2. APARTHEID
3. SOUTH AFRICA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ID number: 80009432
Year: 1976

323 /00188
Southern Africa : The Escalation of a Conflict : A Politico-Military
Study - New York : Praeger.
x, 235 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.
ISBN: 9122000518
Subject(s):
1. REGIONAL CONFLICTS--AFRICA, SOUTHERN
2. AFRICA, SOUTHERN--FOREIGN RELATIONS
3. APARTHEID
Added entry(s):
1. Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SE)
Notes:
Bibliography: p. 224-228. Includes index.
ID number: 80006653
Year: 1976

1975

323 /00193
African Politics in South Africa : 1964-1974 : Parties and Issues -
London : Hurst.
xi, 276 p. : ill. ; 22 cm.
ISBN: 0903983338
Author(s):
1. Kotze, D. A.
Subject(s):
1. POLITICAL PARTIES--SOUTH AFRICA
2. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
3. APARTHEID
Notes:
Bibliography: p. 249-266. Includes index.
ID number: 80009405
Year: 1975

1974

321 /00260
Afrique du Sud et destin de l'Occident : essai - Paris : Del Duca.
xi, 367 p. ; 22 cm.
Author(s):
1. Leguebe, Jacques
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
2. SOUTH AFRICA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
3. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
ID number: 80010510
Year: 1974

1965

323 /00104
L'apartheid - Paris : Ed. de Minuit.
112 p. : ill. ; 18 cm.
Author(s):
1. Mandela, Nelson, 1918-
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
2. MANDELA, NELSON, 1918-
ID number: 80009592
Year: 1965

1964

323 /00011
South Africa : Crisis for the West - London : Pall Mall.
333 p. : ill. ; 22 cm.
Author(s):
1. Legum, Colin
2. Legum, Margaret Roberts
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. APARTHEID
Notes:
Includes index.
ID number: 80009364
Year: 1964

323 /00171
La politique raciale de la Republique d'Afrique du Sud - Bruxelles :
Institut Royal des Relations Internationales.
p. 254-660; 22 cm.
(Chronique de Politique Etrangere ; vol. 17, no. 3 a 5, 1964)
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--RACE RELATIONS
2. APARTHEID
Added entry(s):
1. Institut Royal des Relations Internationales (BE)
Notes:
Includes index.
ID number: 80009452
Year: 1964

1963

323 /00109
L'Apartheid en Afrique du Sud : resume du rapport du Comite special
charge d'etudier la politique d'apartheid du Gouvernement de la
Republique sud-africaine - New York : Nations Unies.
56 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
Subject(s):
1. APARTHEID
2. UNITED NATIONS
Added entry(s):
1. Nations Unies. Service de l'Information
ID number: 80009611
Year: 1963

968 /00001
Le Republique d'Afrique du Sud - Paris : Presses Universitaires de
France.
123, [5] p. : ill., maps.; 18
('Que sais-je?' : Le point des connaissances actuelles ; 463)
Author(s):
1. Lesourd, Jean Alain, 1918-
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA
Notes:
Bibliography: p. [125]
ID number: 70005324
Edition: Nouv. ed.
OCLC number: 07009444
Year: 1963

1962

323 /00563
Une autre Afrique du Sud - Paris : Berger-Levrault.
312 p. : ill.; 19 cm.
Author(s):
1. Giniewski, Paul
Subject(s):
1. SOUTH AFRICA--RACE RELATIONS
2. APARTHEID
ID number: 80011226
Year: 1962

PART II : JOURNAL ARTICLES

DEUXIEME PARTIE : ARTICLES DE REVUES**

2004

- Klen, Michel

L' Afrique du Sud dix ans apres.

DEFENSE NATIONALE, 60e annee, no. 3, mars 2004, p. 119-134.

Il y a dix ans, l'Afrique du Sud sortait du cycle des condamnations internationales en mettant un terme a la politique d'apartheid et en permettant a la majorite noire d'accéder au pouvoir. Cet evenement historique a ete longuement prepare puis conduit dans la serenite par des mediateurs influents, blancs et noirs, de la societe sud-africaine. Car ce sont bien ces forces silencieuses qui ont permis d'eviter l'embrassement du pays annonce a cor et a cris par de nombreux commentateurs. Ce ne sont pas, en effet, les sanctions internationales, largement contournées par bon nombre d'Etats pragmatiques, qui ont amene le regime blanc a faire preuve de realisme. Elles ont au contraire alimente des connivences a l'echelon planetaire pour eluder l'embargo qui avait ete decrete contre l'incontournable partenaire economique des pays industrialises et des Etats africains. Apres avoir franchi le Rubicon au milieu des annees 90, la nation arc-en-ciel n'a pas implose. Au debut de ce nouveau millenaire, la cohabitation raciale se passe plutot bien, mais les inegalites sociales demeurent et des interrogations sur l'avenir hantent les esprits. Malgre ces inquietudes, le pays de Nelson Mandela est reste une puissance regionale qui jouit d'une incontestable domination politique et economique dans le continent africain.

- Shubane, Khehla

Democracy Delivers.

WORLD TODAY, vol. 60, no. 3, March 2004, p. 19-21.

It's ten years since long queues of South Africans waited patiently to vote in the first non-racial elections. They are about to return to the polling stations; the success of the negotiated end to the deep-seated apartheid problem an example to Africa that violence is not the only answer.

2002

- Batchelor, Peter

Dunne, Paul

Lamb, Guy

The Demand for Military Spending in South Africa.

JOURNAL OF PEACE RESEARCH, vol. 39, no. 3, May 2002, p. 339-355.

<http://www.swetswise.com>

Understanding the factors that determine the military burdens in developing economies is an important area of research. Previous research has suggested that to understand the dynamics of the relationship between military burden and economic and strategic factors requires detailed case studies. This article provides an analysis of the South African experience, a particularly valuable case study given the importance of the military sector to the apartheid system, the marked reductions in military spending that have taken place under the new government and the availability of good time-series data. A detailed analysis of the trends in military spending and the changing structure of government spending over the past 40 years is undertaken. A simple model based on a general theory of the demand for military spending provides the basis for an investigation of the relative importance of strategic and other social and economic factors, and is found to perform surprisingly well. The results of the regression analysis suggest that the trends in South Africa's military spending (for the period 1963-97) could be explained as

** This list contains material received as of April 28th, 2004 – Cette liste est arrêtée au 28 avril 2004.

an autoregressive process in military burden conditioned on a number of country-specific strategic factors. Imposition of the mandatory UN arms embargo in 1977 and the change in regime in 1994 had significant negative impacts, while involvement in the Angolan War and the early years of the Republic had positive impacts.

2001

- Why South Africa Matters.
DAEDALUS, vol. 130, no. 1, Winter 2001, Whole Issue.
- Opposition and Democracy in South Africa.
DEMOCRATIZATION, vol. 8, no. 1, Spring 2001, Whole Issue.
<http://www.swetswise.com>

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- Cochran, Edwin S.
The Pivotal State : Post-Apartheid South Africa.
PARAMETERS, vol. 30, no. 4, Winter 2000 - 2001, p. 83-101.

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- Evans, Graham
The End of the Rainbow : Nelson Mandela's 'Farewell Address'.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 55, no. 1, January 1999, p. 10-12.
This year sees South Africa's second round of nation-wide democratic elections and the formal departure from government office of President Nelson Mandela. After a long lifetime in politics - he will be 81 in July - and five hectic years presiding over both the domestic transition and the new South Africa's repositioning in international affairs, it is perhaps time to take stock of his singular contribution and to ask what kind of advice he might offer his successors. This is especially so in foreign affairs, an area in which his government's performance has attracted much criticism at home and abroad.
- Mills, Greg
The South African National Defence Force : Between Downsizing and New Capabilities.
NAVAL WAR COLLEGE REVIEW, vol. 52, no. 1, Sequence 365, Winter 1999, p. 78-98.
The creation of the South African National Defence Force (SANDF) since the advent of South Africa's nonracial democracy in 1994 has arguably been one of the most successful episodes in the transformation of the Republic's civil service. However, on the cusp of the new millennium, critical questions about the Defence Force's budget allocations, its personnel levels, and equipment raise concerns about its future abilities and roles.
- Goodman, David
Why Killers Should Go Free : Lessons from South Africa.
WASHINGTON QUARTERLY, vol. 22, no. 2, Spring 1999, p. 169-181.
<http://www.swetswise.com>
South Africa's much-heralded Truth and Reconciliation Commission has endured a few years of bad press, with skeptics inside the country and around the world wondering why it was ever formed. The author tells us why the Commission made a lot of sense after all.

- Hamill, James
To Follow an Icon.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 55, no. 5, May 1999, p. 22-24.
Following the retirement of President Nelson Mandela from political life in June, executive power will formally pass to fifty-six year old Thabo Mbeki, the current Deputy-President. His task is likely to be daunting for, in addition to the range of seemingly insuperable domestic problems which confront him, he must attempt to fill the vacuum left by one of the genuine political icons of the twentieth century. Not surprisingly, there are doubts about his ability to match the achievements of a figure who has bestrode South African politics like a Colossus for the last decade.
- Pere, Garth L. le
Regionalmacht Sudafrica : Dominanz zum Nutzen der Region.
INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, 54. Jahr, Nr. 7, Juli 1999, S. 37-44.
Sudafrica sollte in Zukunft seine regionalen politischen und wirtschaftlichen Beziehungen so gestalten, dass sie von Nutzen fur die gesamte Region sind. Von seiner dominierenden regionalen Machtstellung, so der Autor, kann Sudafrica dann wiederum in jeglicher Hinsicht profitieren. Dies wurde auch den Verzicht des Landes auf eine rein machtpolitische Vorherrschaft erleichtern.

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- Vale, Peter
Maseko, Siphos
South Africa and the African Renaissance.
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 74, no. 2, April 1998, p. 271-287.
<http://www.swetswise.com>
This article addresses the question of the new South Africa's relationships with other countries in Africa in the context of the idea of an 'African Renaissance' which has recently gained currency. The authors identify two opposing conceptions of Africa's development, which they call 'globalist' and 'Africanist' respectively, and explore the tensions besetting South Africa's participation in an 'Africanist' project. They discuss the dilemma of South Africa's role on the continent as both an obvious and an impossible candidate for leadership, and argue for an 'Africanist' and post-structuralist approach to the political, economic and cultural development of the African continent.
- Chabal, Patrick
A Few Considerations on Democracy in Africa.
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 74, no. 2, April 1998, p. 289-303.
<http://www.swetswise.com>
Recent moves towards greater political liberalization in Africa, with the widespread introduction of multi-party elections in many states since 1989, do not necessarily constitute evidence of successful democratization. In particular, the focus on elections to the exclusion of other essential features of a properly functioning democracy has vitiated much recent analysis of the 'democratic transition' in Africa. By examining in turn the roots, meaning and limits of democratization in Africa, the author shows that a focus on accountability rather than on democracy per se would be more appropriate.
- Wolmarans, F. Gerhard
Droht Chaos in Sudafrica ? : Politik und Wirtschaft auf dem Prufstand.
INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, 53. Jahr, Nr. 3, Marz 1998, S. 23-28.
1998 ist das Jahr der Vorbereitung auf die Wahlen von 1999, die das Ende der Ubereingangsphase in Sudafrica ankundigen. Die Politik stellt zunehmend die Ziele und Bedurfnisse der unterentwickelten Mehrheit des Landes in den Vordergrund; damit kann allerdings das Ziel einer 'vereinten sudafricanischen Nation' untergraben werden.

- Gervais-Lambony, Philippe
La nouvelle Afrique du Sud.
PROBLEMES POLITIQUES ET SOCIAUX, no. 810, 16 octobre 1998, numero entier.
L'Afrique du Sud est parvenue, contre toute attente, a sortir de l'apartheid par un processus d'evolution pacifique. L'abolition des discriminations juridiques, la tenue des premieres elections au suffrage universel en 1994, suivies de l'election a la presidence de Nelson Mandela, la mutation des institutions, le redécoupage territorial, la reforme agraire, les plans de developpement sont les points forts de la nouvelle politique. Toutefois, l'heritage economique, social et culturel de l'apartheid ne se resorbe que lentement, les programmes de developpement, inflechis dans une direction liberale, tardent a porter leurs fruits et les debats sur la politique a mener s'avivent au sein des forces au pouvoir, alors que se preparent les elections generales de 1999 et la succession du president Mandela.

- Cooper, Andrew F.
The Multiple Faces of South Africa Foreign Policy.
INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL, vol. 53, no. 4, Autumn 1998, p. 705-732.

- Shelton, Garth
Alden, Chris
Brave New World : The Transformation of the South African Military.
COMPARATIVE STRATEGY, vol. 17, no. 4, 1998, p. 345-362.
The transformation of the South African armed forces required the unprecedented integration of formerly adversary armies. The White Paper, completed in May 1996, established the framework for the new Department of Defense (incorporating civilian control of the military) and identified the security of the people (rather than 'state security') as the key defense issue. Based on the White Paper, a defense review undertook a detailed analysis of defense posture; roles, missions, and tasks; force design and force structure; human resources; weapons industry; and other issues. Consolidation of civilian control remains an elusive goal that is unlikely to be accomplished in the short term. Finding the balance between the imperatives of transformation and the development of an effective defense force appropriate to the needs of the changing international environment has been an unexpectedly complex process for the new government. For South Africa to assume its long-coveted role in the maintenance of peace and security in Africa, it is not enough that the past be repudiated, but it is imperative that the institutional legacy of the past be revolutionized.

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- Spence, J. E.
On Becoming 'Just Another Country'.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 53, no. 3, March 1997, p. 67-69.
South Africa lost its special international status with the end of apartheid. Now the euphoria is a distant memory and the considerable reputation of Nelson Mandela is no longer enough to define relations with the rest of the world. How can the country balance its economic needs with its debts to old friends and a desire for a 'moral' foreign policy ?

- Neethling, Theo
The South African Military and the Agenda for Regional Peace.
RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 142, no. 5, October 1997, p. 55-55.
The new South Africa has moved in recent years from a continental and international outcast to a welcome member of the international community. As such the country now seeks to take up its role in international and regional peace support operations, both politically and militarily. Here Dr. Neethling explores South Africa's motives for becoming involved in conflict prevention and resolution, looking at the shift in Africa as elsewhere from nationally based to common security concerns. South Africa too is now looking at its national security in wider terms. It is creating the institutional framework to support peace keeping operations, as well as accepting the responsibility of working within a 'common

security regime'. Dr. Neethling deals with policy and operational considerations, the challenges for the SANDS in adapting to this new role and concludes that although there is strong debate in South Africa as to the extent of the country's involvement, there is broad agreement that regional stability and peace lie in regional cooperation and South Africa must engage responsibly and systematically in these developments.

- Lane, Jan-Erik
Ersson, Svante

The Probability of Democratic Success in South Africa.
DEMOCRATIZATION, vol. 4, no. 4, Winter 1997, p. 1-15.
The Republic of South Africa has erected a constitutional democracy including many institutional devices for the protection of human rights following a long process of negotiations between groups in deep conflict. How can we judge the probability of successful democracy in South Africa, taking a long-term perspective? The article employs the regression technique for estimating the impact of social and political conditions upon democratic viability there. Adding the positives and the negatives together, the article concludes that there is a structural and institutional deficit, especially if one accepts the very high democracy rankings of South Africa made recently. In the long-run perspective this is a negative for democratic viability in South Africa.

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- Kelley, Robert E.

The Iraqi and South African Nuclear Weapon Programs : The Importance of Management.
SECURITY DIALOGUE, vol. 27, no. 1, March 1996, p. 27-38.
Iraq and South Africa have both recently been involved in significant clandestine nuclear weapons programmes. The programme in South Africa was relatively low key, and funded at a low level. It was also very successful. The Iraqi programme consumed vast resources, built huge factories and infrastructure - and was a spectacular failure. The reason for these differences lies in the management oversight of the programmes. Modest goals and careful management can lead to a successful weapons programme. The Iraqi programme was involuntarily disclosed as a result of the Gulf War. Iraq might well have continued to eventual success, had the war not intervened. Inspectors were able to penetrate the Iraqi programme to an unprecedented depth, which has been extremely useful in determining what is known and not known to prospective proliferators. South Africa voluntarily abandoned its programme when the white minority government saw the end of apartheid approaching. This article explores the differences in approach by the two countries. Included are a review of the results each country achieved and an assessment of future non-proliferation prospects. The difference in management approach is another indicator of potential success for the determined proliferator.

- Uys, Stanley

Pressing the ANC to Take Power.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 52, no. 5, May 1996, p. 129-132.
Two years on from South Africa's first multiracial elections, a new constitution is in the works and political attention is turning to the nature of the new South Africa. There are demands for the ANC to be in power as well as in office.

- Spence, J. E.

Het debat over Zuid-Afrika's buitenlands beleid.
INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 50, nr. 5, mei 1996, p. 239-242.
The author elucidates the foreign policy debate in South Africa. On the one hand, the 'realists' or 'pragmatists', who can be found in the Department of Foreign Affairs, are influenced by the brutal realities of power and influence available to a small to medium state trying to find its way in a difficult world increasingly under threat from the impact of globalisation. On the other, the 'radicals' emphasise the moral dimension of foreign policy and consider democracy and human rights as the cornerstones of diplomacy. In the practice of international relations

both concepts may overlap.

- Vale, Peter
Nieuw begin of door op oud spoor ? : Zuid-Afrika's zoektocht naar een buitenlands beleid.
INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 50, nr. 5, mei 1996, p. 243-249.
The author follows South Africa's search for a consistent foreign policy. The Government of National Unity (GNU), now in its second year of existence, has had to overcome a substantial amount of difficulties in this respect. As this government is composed of both adherents and opponents to apartheid, it had to reconcile the very divergent views of international affairs. A first analysis of the performance of the GNU shows positive signs.
- Blumenfeld, Desmond
Pragmatists versus Populists in the 'New' South Africa.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 52, no. 7, July 1996, p. 185-189.
Though South Africa has made considerable political strides since the historic elections of April 1994, progress on the economic front has been rather less satisfactory. Short-term post-election economic performance and management have been creditable, especially by comparison with the economic 'collapse' which some predicted and many feared. But longer-term prospects have been damaged by the new government's tardiness in finding credible policies to address the most fundamental economic challenges.
- Robinson, Tyler
Boutwell, Jeffrey
South Africa's Arms Industry : A New Era of Democratic Accountability ?
ARMED FORCES AND SOCIETY, vol. 22, no. 4, Summer 1996, p. 599-618.
In April of 1994, South Africa held its first-ever democratic election - a profound step in a promising new direction. Whether that step will in fact lead to full democracy is still in question. Renowned for a legacy of internal, ethnic turmoil born of apartheid, and for years of destabilizing its neighbors in one of the more violent and unstable regions of the world, South Africa's future is a key variable for both regional stability and a more just and stable international order. At present, certain characteristics have emerged from South Africa's ongoing democratic transition that, despite the promise of apartheid's historic dismantlement, are less than reassuring. Political and economic exigencies have made it difficult for South Africa to purge itself fully of the hard-line security structure and extensive military industrial capabilities of the former apartheid regime, although the Mandela government has made promising moves in both areas. Much remains to be done, however, if the 'new' South Africa is to contribute to both regional and global stability.
- O'Brien, Kevin A.
Regional Security in Southern Africa : South Africa's National Perspective.
INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING, vol. 3, no. 3, Autumn 1996, p. 52-76.
South Africa has re-emerged into the international forum as a strong leader in Southern Africa and as a potential leader in the international system. Following its first democratic elections in April 1994, South Africa began to transform its security forces in order to reflect fully the make-up and constitution of its society, and the new norms which will govern it. These changes in policy have been reflected in the transformation of the South African National Defence Force, Police Service, National Intelligence Agency and Secret Service. At the same time, such changes have reflected on South Africa's policies towards its neighbours with whom it is no longer in confrontation but cooperation. There are, however, several remaining areas of concern, including continued political violence (in particular in KwaZulu-Natal province) and implications of covert paramilitary activity, the regional arms trade policy of South Africa, and an apparent lack of leadership within the government by the Department of Foreign Affairs on issues relating to foreign and security policies. This is especially crucial at a time when South Africa is assessing its potential role in regional and

international peace-support operations. Thus all of these issues and areas must be examined in order to understand the emerging direction that the country is taking with regard to its security policies, and the roles and norms under which its new security forces will be required to operate nationally, regionally and internationally.

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Vale, Peter
Security in Southern Africa : After Apartheid, Beyond Realism.
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 71, no. 2, April 1995, p. 285-304.
- Ryfman, Philippe
Afrique du Sud : incertitudes et etat de grace.
DEFENSE NATIONALE, 51e annee, no. 4, avril 1995, p. 137-152.
- Hureaux, Roland
La nouvelle Afrique du Sud.
COMMENTAIRE, vol. 18, no. 69, printemps 1995, p. 11-17.
- Rabert, Bernhard
South Africa's Defused Nuclear Weapons : Trend Reversal in the Third World ?
AUSSENPOLITIK, vol. 46, no. 1, 1995, p. 71-81.
The author examines the background, outcome and implications of the South African decision to scrap its secretly accumulated nuclear arsenal.
- Nel, Philip
Transition Through Erosion : Comparing South Africa's Democratisation.
AUSSENPOLITIK, vol. 46, no. 1, 1995, p. 82-93.
A South African political scientist analyses the process of transition in his country and compares it to other such cases, particularly to transition in Poland when the communist ceased to be the leading force.
- Griffiths, Robert J.
South African Civil-Military Relations in Transition : Issues and Influences.
ARMED FORCES AND SOCIETY, vol. 21, no. 3, Spring 1995, p. 395-410.
- Blumenfeld, Jesmond
The New South Africa's Economic Prospects.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 51, no. 8-9, August - September 1995, p. 174-179.
- Stumpf, Waldo
South Africa's Nuclear Weapons Program : From Deterrence to Dismantlement.
ARMS CONTROL TODAY, vol. 25, no. 10, December 1995 - January 1996, p. 3-8.

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South Africa : The Search for Identity ?
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 70, no. 1, January 1994, p. 67-82.
- Duval, Marcel
La denuclearisation de l' Afrique du Sud : epiphenomene ou modele ?
DEFENSE NATIONALE, 50e annee, no. 4, avril 1994, p. 111-121.
- Pretorius, Hattingh
A Force in Transition.
MILITARY TECHNOLOGY, vol. 18, no. 3, March 1994, p. 18-27.

- Couwenberg, S. W.
Zuid-Afrika quo vadis ?
INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 48, nr. 5, mei 1994, p. 227-232.
The author assesses the future of post-apartheid in South Africa. It is of the utmost importance, he argues, that ethnic minorities should be adequately protected. He hopes that above the multifarious ethnic-cultural loyalties a perception of nationhood will evolve binding together this complex multicultural society on the basis of generally accepted and respected principles of democracy and the rule of law.
- Schregardus, Peter A.
Politiek geweld en het onderhandelingsproces voor een democratisch Zuid-Afrika.
INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 48, nr. 5, mei 1994, p. 233-238.
The author looks at the impact of political violence on the negotiation process leading towards a democratic South Africa. The political violence has proved to be a red thread running through this process; it caused its unnecessary suspension on a couple of occasions and has threatened the fairness of the elections.
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Spence, J. E.
South Africa's Watershed Election.
WORLD TODAY, vol. 50, no. 7, July 1994, p. 128-132.
- Spence, Jack E.
Hamill, James
Hoffnungsvoller Wandel in Sudafrika.
EUROPA ARCHIV, 49. Jahr, 12. Folge, 25. Juni 1994, S. 349-356.
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The South African National Defense Force Challenge : Too Many Men, Too Little Money.
INTERNATIONAL DEFENSE REVIEW, vol. 27, August 1994, p. 30-36.
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Sudafrika, ein Land im Aufbruch : die Beobachtermission der Vereinten Nationen in Sudafrika (UNOMSA), 1992-1994.
OESTERREICHISCHE MILITAERISCHE ZEITSCHRIFT, 32. Jg., Heft 5, September - Oktober 1994, S. 479-488.
- Ropp, Klaus Freiherr von der
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AUSSENPOLITIK, vol. 45, no. 4, 1994, p. 383-391.
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Afrique du Sud : du miracle politique au miracle economique ?
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Prospects for a Democratic South Africa.
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 69, no. 2, April 1993, p. 223-237.
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South Africa's Nuclear Weapons : A Defused Time Bomb ?
AUSSENPOLITIK, vol. 44, no. 3, 1993, p. 232-242.

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Reversing Nuclear Proliferation : South Africa.
SECURITY DIALOGUE, vol. 24, no. 3, September 1993, p. 273-286.
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Nuclearisation and Denuclearisation in South Africa.
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Holding Together South Africa.
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Politics.
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