

# NATO Multimedia Library

***ACQUISITIONS LIST***  
***(NEW BOOKS AND JOURNAL ARTICLES)***

***MARCH 2010 – MARS 2010***

***LISTE D'ACQUISITIONS***  
***(NOUVEAUX LIVRES ET ARTICLES DE REVUES)***

# Bibliothèque multimédia de l'OTAN

- **To contact us :**

- NATO Multimedia Library  
Public Diplomacy Division  
Room Nb123  
1110 Brussels  
Belgium  
Tel. : 32.2.707.44.14  
Fax : 32.2.707.42.49  
E-mail : [multilib@hq.nato.int](mailto:multilib@hq.nato.int)
- *Intranet* : <http://hqweb.hq.nato.int/oip/library>
- *Internet* : <http://www.nato.int/library>

- **How to borrow items from the list below :**

As a member of the NATO HQ staff you can borrow books (Type: M) for one month, journals (Type: ART) and reference works (Type: REF) for one week. Individuals not belonging to NATO staff can borrow books through their local library via the interlibrary loan system.

- **How to obtain the Library publications :**

All Library publications are available both on the NATO Intranet and Internet websites.

---

- **Pour nous contacter :**

- Bibliothèque multimédia de l'OTAN  
Division de la Diplomatie Publique  
Bureau Nb123  
1110 Bruxelles  
Belgique  
Tél. : 32.2.707.44.14  
Télécopieur : 32.2.707.42.49  
E-mail : [multilib@hq.nato.int](mailto:multilib@hq.nato.int)
- *Intranet* : <http://hqweb.hq.nato.int/oip/library>
- *Internet* : <http://www.nato.int/library>

- **Comment emprunter les documents cités ci-dessous :**

En tant que membre du personnel de l'OTAN vous pouvez emprunter les livres (Type: M) pour un mois, les revues (Type: ART) et les ouvrages de référence (Type: REF) pour une semaine. Les personnes n'appartenant pas au personnel de l'OTAN peuvent s'adresser à leur bibliothèque locale et emprunter les livres via le système de prêt interbibliothèques.

- **Comment obtenir les publications de la Bibliothèque :**

Toutes les publications de la Bibliothèque sont disponibles sur les sites Intranet et Internet de l'OTAN.

# Index

---

---

AIR DEFENSES, MILITARY, 6  
ALBANIA--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION, 30  
ALMANACS, AMERICAN, 6  
ARMED FORCES--DEFENSE SPENDING, 6  
ASIA, CENTRAL--ARMED FORCES--POLITICAL ACTIVITY, 7  
  
BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSES--EUROPE, 7  
BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSES--ISRAEL, 30  
BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION (1972), 30  
  
CEE--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, 31  
CEE--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, 7  
CENTRAL EUROPE--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, 8  
CHECHNYA (RUSSIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1994-, 8  
CHINA--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 31  
CIS, 32  
CIVIL WAR, 32  
CLIMATIC CHANGES--GOVERNMENT POLICY--EU, 33  
COUNTERINSURGENCY, 8, 33  
COUNTERINSURGENCY--PAKISTAN, 33  
COUNTERINSURGENCY--USA, 33  
CRISIS MANAGEMENT--EU, 34  
CYPRUS--HISTORY--CYPRUS CRISIS, 1974-, 34  
  
DEMOCRACY--FORMER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, 9  
DEMOCRATIZATION--USA, 34  
DIPLOMACY, 9  
  
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS--LAW AND LEGISLATION, 9  
ENERGY POLICY, 10  
ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY, 10  
EU--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA, 34  
EU--DICTIONARIES, 10  
EU--ENP, 35  
EU--ESDP, 11, 35  
EU--ESDP--OPERATIONS, 11  
EU--ESDP--PUBLIC OPINION, 35  
EU--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC), 35  
EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION, 12  
EU--MIDDLE EAST, 12  
EUROPE, EASTERN--HISTORY--REVOLUTION, 1989, 12  
EUROPEAN DEFENCE AGENCY, 13  
EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 36  
EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION), 13  
  
FAILED STATES, 13  
FIREARMS INDUSTRY AND TRADE, 36  
  
GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE, 14

**GREAT BRITAIN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MIDDLE EAST, 37**  
**GREAT BRITAIN--STRATEGIC ASPECTS, 37**

**HUMAN SECURITY, 37**  
**HUMANITARIAN INTERVENTION--KOSOVO (REPUBLIC), 15**

**INDIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFGHANISTAN, 38**  
**INFORMATION WARFARE, 38**  
**INSURGENCY, 15**  
**INSURGENCY--AFGHANISTAN, 38**  
**INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, 39**  
**INTERAGENCY COORDINATION--USA, 15**  
**INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES, 16**  
**INTERVENTION (INTERNATIONAL LAW), 16**  
**INTERVENTION (INTERNATIONAL LAW)--USA, 39**  
**IRAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 39**  
**IRAQ WAR, 2003-, 16**  
**ISLAM AND POLITICS, 17**  
**ISLAM AND POLITICS--ASIA, CENTRAL, 17**  
**ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--PAKISTAN, 40**  
**ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--RUSSIA (FEDERATION), 40**  
**ISRAEL--FOREIGN RELATIONS--TURKEY, 40**

**JIHAD, 18**  
**JUSTICE, ADMINISTRATION OF--AFGHANISTAN, 18**

**KAZAKHSTAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 41**  
**KURDS--SYRIA--HISTORY, 19**

**LATVIA--ECONOMIC POLICY, 41**  
**LAW ENFORCEMENT--INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION, 19**

**MASS MEDIA--AFGHANISTAN, 41**  
**MIDDLE EAST--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, 19**  
**MILITARY ETHICS--USA, 20**  
**MILITARY OCCUPATION, 20**

**NATIONAL SECURITY, 41**  
**NATO, 21**  
**NATO--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 42**  
**NATO--RUSSIA (FEDERATION), 22**  
**NATURAL RESOURCES--AFRICA, 42**  
**NEGOTIATION, 22**  
**NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION, 42**  
**NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY, 42**  
**NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY--FRANCE, 43**  
**NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY--PAKISTAN, 22**

**PEACEKEEPING FORCES, 23**  
**PEACEKEEPING FORCES, AFRICAN--AFRICA, 43**  
**PIRACY--SOMALIA, 43**  
**POSTWAR RECONSTRUCTION--AFGHANISTAN, 44**  
**PRIVATE MILITARY COMPANIES, 23, 44**

**QAIDA (ORGANIZATION), 45**

**RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--ARMED FORCES--REORGANIZATION, 45**  
**RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFGHANISTAN, 45**

**RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--NATIONAL SECURITY, 24**  
**RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, 24**

**SECURITY SECTOR REFORM, 24**  
**SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, 45**  
**SOUTH OSSETIA WAR, 2008, 25**  
**STRATEGY, 46**  
**SUICIDE BOMBINGS, 46**

**TERRORISM, 46**  
**TERRORISM--LAW AND LEGISLATION, 25**  
**TERRORISM--PREVENTION, 26**  
**TERRORISM--PREVENTION--EU COUNTRIES, 47**  
**TERRORISM--YEMEN, 47**  
**TREATIES, 26**  
**TREATY OF LISBON (2007), 48**  
**TURKEY--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 48**

**USA. AFRICA COMMAND, 28**  
**USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS, 27**  
**USA--NATIONAL SECURITY, 28**

**WAR (INTERNATIONAL LAW), 29**  
**WAR VICTIMS--LEGAL STATUS, LAWS, ETC., 29**  
**WATER-SUPPLY--ASIA, CENTRAL, 48**  
**WATER-SUPPLY--STRATEGIC ASPECTS, 48**  
**WEB SEARCH ENGINES, 29**

# NEW BOOKS

## NOUVEAUX LIVRES

---

### AIR DEFENSES, MILITARY

Jane's Air-Launched Weapons : Issue Fifty-Five. - Coulsdon, UK :  
Jane's Information Group, 2010.  
765 p. : ill. ; 30 cm.  
ID number: 80023136  
Type: REF  
Library Location: 623 /00561 REF  
Includes index.

### ALMANACS, AMERICAN

The World Almanac and Book of Facts : 2010. - New York : World  
Almanac Books, 2010.  
1008 p. : ill. ; 26 cm.  
ID number: 80023144  
Type: REF  
Library Location: 321 /00262 REF ISBN: 9781600571268  
Includes index.

### ARMED FORCES--DEFENSE SPENDING

Do Oil Exports Fuel Defense Spending ? / by Clayton K. S. Chun. -  
Carlisle Barracks, PA : US Army War College, 2010.  
ix, 50 p. ; 23 cm.  
ID number: 80023106  
Type: M  
Library Location: 336 /00241 ISBN: 1584874201  
Author(s):  
1. Chun, Clayton K. S.  
'This monograph explores the impact that oil revenue had on the national defense spending of five oil-exporting countries. Despite periods of falling oil revenues, these countries typically did not lower defense spending. In some cases, defense spending increased sharply, or the rate of decrease was much lower than the drop in oil revenues. This condition creates challenges for national security professionals. Policies that attempt to limit oil revenues of potential enemies alone may not be sufficient to inhibit them from creating regional instability through expansion of their defense capabilities. Hopes for reduced defense expenditures, by countries like Iran, as a result of a drop in energy demand seem to be diminished by these findings. A more complex picture emerges that forces analysts and policymakers to search more broadly for options to stem potential arms races that may be fueled by the riches of oil-exporting countries.'

**ASIA, CENTRAL--ARMED FORCES--POLITICAL ACTIVITY**

The Military and the State in Central Asia : From Red Army to Independence / by Erica Marat. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010. x, 160 p.; 24 cm.  
(Central Asian Studies Series ; 19)  
ID number: 80023126  
Type: M

Library Location: 355 /00566 ISBN: 9780415493475

Author(s):

1. Marat, Erica

Bibliography: p. 150-154. Includes index.

'The military played a pivotal role in the political development, state functions, foreign policy and the daily lives of the people in the Central Asian states from the early twentieth century until the present. This book is the first major, in-depth study of the military institutions in Central Asian states. It examines their hidden story, the different stages of their development from the early twentieth century until the present, and the influence they had on the state and society. It effectively combines history, sociology of the military and political science and provides deeper insights into how recently formed states function. By concentrating extensively on the military, this book is an important and timely contribution to a wide range of disciplines including Central Asian studies, and post-colonial state and nation-building studies.'

**BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSES--EUROPE**

Missile Defence in Europe : Systems, Policies and Strategic Choices / by Gustav C. Gressel, Eugene Kogan. - Wien : Internationales Institut fur Liberale Politik, 2010. 47 p.; 30 cm.

(Sozialwissenschaftliche Schriftenreihe. Reihe Studien)

ID number: 80023165

Type: M

Library Location: 623 /01097 ISBN: 9783902595409

Author(s):

1. Gressel, Gustav C.

2. Kogan, Eugene

Bibliography: p. 40-42.

'In Europe, nobody seems to have understood the impact of Obama's decision on missile defence. The new plan seems to focus on regional allies, who would probably be more important to achieve immediate US foreign policy goals - especially counterbalancing Iran after an American withdraw from Iraq. It is highly likely that the Obama administration will come back to Europe on missile defence either to co-finance mobile assets in Europe or to co-develop more advanced systems based on the SM-3. For both cases, European leaders are not prepared as the public debate on missile-defence at home was dominated by anti-Americanism, anti-Bushism or Russian propaganda. Finally a new kind of discussion within Europe, about the future of the defence of Europe in all dimensions seems to be needed.'

**CEE--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT**

Eastern Europe, Russia and Central Asia : 2010. - 10th ed. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2009. xiii, 790 p. : ill.; 29 cm.

ID number: 80023137

Type: REF

Library Location: 321 /00035 REF ISBN: 9781857435313

'This edition is an up-to-date survey of the countries and territories that make up the region.'

**CENTRAL EUROPE--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT**

Central and South-Eastern Europe : 2010. - 10th ed. - Abingdon, UK :  
Routledge, 2009.  
xii, 848 p. : ill.; 29 cm.  
ID number: 80023139  
Type: REF  
Library Location: 321 /00035 REF ISBN: 9781857435245

**CHECHNYA (RUSSIA)--HISTORY--CIVIL WAR, 1994-**

Terror in Chechnya : Russia and the Tragedy of Civilians in War / by  
Emma Gilligan. - Princeton, NJ : Princeton University  
Press, 2010.  
xii, 271 p. : ill.; 25 cm.  
(Human Rights and Crimes Against Humanity)  
ID number: 80023117  
Type: M  
Library Location: 327.2 /00098 ISBN: 9780691130798

Author(s):

1. Gilligan, Emma, 1967-

Bibliography: p. 241-263. Includes index.

'This is the definitive account of Russian war crimes in Chechnya. The author provides a comprehensive history of the second Chechen conflict of 1999 to 2005, revealing one of the most appalling human rights catastrophes of the modern era - one that has yet to be fully acknowledged by the international community. Drawing upon eyewitness testimony and interviews with refugees and key political and humanitarian figures, the author tells for the first time the full story of the Russian military's systematic use of torture, disappearances, executions, and other punitive tactics against the Chechen population. She challenges Russian claims that civilian casualties in Chechnya were an unavoidable consequence of civil war. She argues that racism and nationalism were substantial factors in Russia's second war against the Chechens and the resulting refugee crisis. She does not ignore the war crimes committed by Chechen separatists and pro-Moscow forces. She traces the radicalization of Chechen fighters and sheds light on the Dubrovka and Beslan hostage crises, demonstrating how they undermined the separatist movement and in turn contributed to racial hatred against Chechens in Moscow. The book also looks at the international response to the conflict, focusing on Europe's humanitarian and human rights efforts inside Chechnya.'

**COUNTERINSURGENCY**

Contre-insurrection(s). - Paris : Choiseul, 2009.  
149 p. : ill.; 26 cm.  
(Securite Globale ; 10)  
ID number: 80023143  
Type: M  
Library Location: 355.4 /01647

#### **DEMOCRACY--FORMER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES**

Democracy and Authoritarianism in the Postcommunist World. -

Cambridge, UK : Cambridge University Press, 2010.

xi, 347 p.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023135

Type: M

Library Location: 321 /00801 ISBN: 9780521115988

Includes index.

'This volume brings together a group of scholars to examine in depth three waves of democratic change that took place in eleven different former communist nations. Its essays draw important conclusions about the rise, development, and breakdown of both democracy and dictatorship in each country and together provide a rich comparative perspective on the postcommunist world. The authors of each chapter in this volume examine both internal and external dimensions of both democratic success and democratic failure.'

#### **DIPLOMACY**

Diplomacy : Theory and Practice / by Geoff R. Berridge. - 4th ed. -

Houndmills, UK : Palgrave MacMillan, 2010.

xv, 282 p.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023148

Type: M

Library Location: 341.7 /00104 ISBN: 9780230229594

Author(s):

1. Berridge, Geoff R.

Bibliography: p. 257-267. Includes index.

'This book offers the most up-to-date information about contemporary diplomatic practice, presents this in its historical context, and provides a tight framework for organizing its understanding.'

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS--LAW AND LEGISLATION**

International Development Law : Rule of Law, Human Rights, and

Global Finance / by Rumu Sarkar. - Oxford, UK : Oxford University Press, 2009.

xxiii, 479 p.; 25 cm.

ID number: 80023154

Type: M

Library Location: 346 /00001 ISBN: 9780195398281

Author(s):

1. Sarkar, Rumu

Includes index.

'This book offers a coherent and systematic overview of the many issues and underlying trends that affect international development law and the underlying legal architecture between developing countries and advanced nations. The author describes how international development works, its shortcomings, its theoretical and practical foundations, along with prescriptions for the future. The text is structured into two basic parts : the first part deals with the theoretical and philosophical foundations of the subject, and the second part sets forth issues relating to the international financial architecture, namely, international borrowing practices, privatization, and emerging economies.'

## **ENERGY POLICY**

Energy Security : Economics, Politics, Strategies, and Implications.

- Washington : Brookings Institution Press, 2010.

viii, 279 p. : ill. ; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023133

Type: M

Library Location: 620 /00154 ISBN: 9780815769194

Includes index.

'Energy security has become a rallying cry in recent years, especially in the wake of increased terrorist threats in the Middle East and elsewhere. But what does the term 'energy security' really mean? For many, it is ensuring the safe supply and transport of energy as a matter of national security. For others, it is developing and moving towards sustainable, low-carbon energy sources to avoid environmental catastrophe. Still others view it as increasing oil drilling to achieve independence from foreign markets and ensure affordability. Yet the fact remains that the vast majority of global energy production still comes from fossil fuels, and it will take a thorough understanding of the interrelationships of complex challenges - finite supply, environmental concerns, political conflict, and economic volatility - to develop policies that will lead to true energy security. This volume presents a realistic, cross-disciplinary look by recognized authorities at the global quest for energy security.'

## **ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY**

Security and Environmental Change / by Simon Dalby. - Cambridge, UK

: Polity, 2009.

viii, 197 p. ; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023119

Type: M

Library Location: 502 /00004 ISBN: 9780745642918

Author(s):

1. Dalby, Simon

Bibliography: p. 173-192. Includes index.

'The scale of environmental change caused by globalization is now so large that security has to be understood as an ecological process. A new geopolitics is long overdue. The author provides an accessible and engaging account of the challenges we face in responding to environmental change. He traces the historical roots of current concerns about security and climate change and outlines modern thinking, using the politics of invoking threats as a central part of the analysis. To understand climate change and the dislocations of global ecology, he argues, it is necessary to look back at how ecological change is tied to the expansion of the world economic system. As the global urban system changes on a local and global scale, the world's population becomes vulnerable in new ways. The author shows that theories of human security now require a much more nuanced geopolitical imagination if they are to grapple with these new vulnerabilities and influence how we build more resilient societies.'

## **EU--DICTIONARIES**

The European Union Encyclopedia and Directory : 2010. - 10th ed. -

London : Routledge, 2009.

xxvii, 761 p. ; 29 cm.

ID number: 80023152

Type: REF

Library Location: 42 /00022 REF ISBN: 9781857435320

'This book presents the very latest information on the European Union and its activities.'

**EU--ESDP**

Cooperation by Committee : The EU Military Committee and the  
Committee for Civilian Crisis Management / by Mai'a K. Davis  
Cross. - Paris : European Union Institute for Security  
Studies, 2010.

39 p. ; 24 cm.

(Occasional Paper ; 82)

ID number: 80023147

Type: M

Library Location: 448 /00081 ISBN: 9789291981632

Author(s):

1. Cross, Mai'a K. Davis, 1977-

'Drawing upon dozens of interviews, this paper compares the expertise, culture, meeting frequency, and norms of the Civilian Crisis Management Committee (Civcom) and EU Military Committee (EUMC) and how these factors influence their overall internal dynamic. A number of illustrative examples as well as an analysis of the committee-capital interaction shed light on how and why the two entities are able to shape ESDP outcomes on a regular basis. In terms of the processes within the committees, the evidence suggests that the EUMC has a higher level of internal cohesion, and a more tangible common culture. Civcom is still emerging in this respect, but in many ways Civcom faces a bigger challenge given the unprecedented nature of its activities. Ultimately, these officials must answer to the decision-makers in their respective capitals, and thus their ability to be persuasive as a group will play a crucial role in the future development of ESDP.'

**EU--ESDP--OPERATIONS**

Command and Control ? Planning for EU Military Operations / by Luis  
Simon. - Paris : European Union Institute for Security Studies,  
2010.

48 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

(Occasional Paper ; 81)

ID number: 80023107

Type: M

Library Location: 448 /00080 ISBN: 9789291981618

Author(s):

1. Simon, Luis

'This paper assesses the effectiveness of the European Union's capability for the planning and conduct of military operations. It is divided into three chapters. The first chapter explains ESDP's planning cycle and describes the evolution of the Union's planning and C2 capability. The second chapter proceeds to assess the planning and C2 performance of three military operations : EUFOR Althea in Bosnia and Herzegovina, EUFOR DRC in the Democratic Republic of Congo and EUFOR Tchad/RCA in Chad and the Central African Republic. The third and last chapter presents the study's conclusions and offers practical policy recommendations aimed at improving the Union's planning and conduct capability.'

#### **EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION**

Human Security : A New Perspective for Euro-Mediterranean

Cooperation / by Roberto Aliboni, Abdallah Saaf. - Paris :

European Union Institute for Security Studies, 2010.

38 p.; 27 cm.

(10 Papers for Barcelona 2010 ; 3)

ID number: 80023145

Type: M

Library Location: 449 /00055 ISBN: 9788439381150

Author(s):

1. Aliboni, Roberto

2. Saaf, Abdallah

'This paper looks at the perspectives for security cooperation between the EU and its partner countries in the Mediterranean region. The authors argue that security is a crucial area of cooperation in Euro-Mediterranean relations and that there is a need to reevaluate the EU's policies towards the region in the light of the changing international context : a multilateralist approach by the EU towards the partner countries is key to an improvement of the security dialogue in the region. The authors emphasise the need to go beyond conventional understandings of security and to focus on human security in particular in order to resolve the ongoing political conflicts in the Euro-Mediterranean area. They put forward a number of recommendations on how best to consolidate and deepen security cooperation in Euro-Mediterranean relations.'

#### **EU--MIDDLE EAST**

No Euro-Mediterranean Community Without Peace / by Muriel Asseburg,

Paul Salem. - Paris : European Union Institute for Security

Studies, 2009.

40 p.; 27 cm.

(10 Papers for Barcelona 2010 ; 1)

ID number: 80023108

Type: M

Library Location: 441 /00193 ISBN: 9788439381143

Author(s):

1. Asseburg, Muriel

2. Salem, Paul

'This paper looks at the prospects for Euro-Mediterranean initiatives against the current troubled backdrop of the Middle East, and in particular the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. It is clear that the long-term objective of creating a Euro-Mediterranean Community will not be fulfilled without a lasting peace being established in the region. The authors put forward a set of proposals on how Europe should contribute to resolving the Middle East crisis - and in particular on how to take advantage of the window of opportunity afforded by the change in American policy that has followed the election of President Obama.'

#### **EUROPE, EASTERN--HISTORY--REVOLUTION, 1989**

1989 : The Struggle to Create Post-Cold War Europe / by Mary Elise

Sarotte. - Princeton, NJ : Princeton University Press, 2009.

xvi, 321 p. : ill.; 25 cm.

(Princeton Studies in International History and Politics)

ID number: 80023116

Type: M

Library Location: 327 /01504 ISBN: 9780691143064

Author(s):

1. Sarotte, Mary Elise

Bibliography: p. 287-308. Includes index.

'There are unique periods in history when a single year witnesses the total transformation of international relations. The year 1989 was one such crucial watershed. This book uses previously unavailable sources

to explore the momentous events following the fall of the Berlin Wall twenty years ago and the effects they have had on our world ever since.'

#### **EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)**

The Indivisibility of Security : Russia and Euro-Atlantic Security.

- Rome : NATO Defense College, 2010.

136 p. ; 21 cm.

(NDC Forum Paper ; 13)

ID number: 80023105

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01642

#### **EUROPEAN DEFENCE AGENCY**

European Defence Agency : Past, Present & Future. - Madrid :

Ministerio de Defensa, 2010.

274 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023166

Type: M

Library Location: 355 /00567 ISBN: 9788497815482

L'Agence europeenne de defense dans le paysage europeen de la cooperation en matiere d'equipements de defense / by Alain de Neve. - Bruxelles : Institut Royal Superieur de Defense, 2009.

v, 125 p. : ill. ; 25 cm.

(Securite et Strategie ; 103)

ID number: 80023110

Type: M

Library Location: 355 /00565

Author(s):

1. Neve, Alain de

Bibliography: p. 87-90.

'Instituee en juin 2004, l'Agence europeenne de defense (AED) figure parmi les principales innovations organisationnelles qui auront marque la seconde phase d'acceleration de la Politique europeenne de securite et de defense (PESD). Ses cinq annees d'activite ont abouti a des resultats que nombre d'observateurs pensaient inesperes lors de sa fondation. En depit d'un bilan globalement positif, l'Agence reste neanmoins confrontee a des defis de taille, dont certains revetent une dimension existentielle. Des interrogations demeurent sur l'avenir de son catalogue de programmes, sur l'evolution de ses rapports avec la Commission europeenne ou encore, plus generalement, sur le devenir de la nature meme de l'institution.'

#### **FAILED STATES**

Persistent State Weakness in the Global Age. - Farnham, UK :

Ashgate, 2009.

xiv, 213 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023123

Type: M

Library Location: 321 /00803 ISBN: 9780754676126

Includes index.

'This book addresses the question of why state weakness in the global era persists. It debunks a common assumption in the scholarship that state weakness is a stop-gap on the path to state failure and state collapse. Informed by a globalization perspective, the book shows how state weakness is frequently self-reproducing and functional. The interplay of global actors, policies and norms is analyzed from the standpoint of their internalization in a weak state through transnational networks. Contributors examine the reproduction of partial and discriminatory rule at the heart of persistent state weakness drawing on a wide geographical range of case studies, including the Middle East, the Balkans, the post-Soviet states and

sub-Saharan Africa. The study of state-weakening dynamics related to institutional incapacity, colonial and war legacies, legitimacy gaps, economic informality, democratization and state-building provides an insight into durability and resilience of weak states in the global age. Ultimately, the book argues that weak states as a global security challenge are best understood from within, first and foremost as a multiple source of insecurity for their own citizens.'

The Fragility of the 'Failed State' Paradigm : A Different International Law Perception of the Absence of Effective Government / by Neyire Akpinarli. - Leiden : Nijhoff, 2010. xii, 269 p.; 25 cm.

(Developments in International Law ; 63)

ID number: 80023124

Type: M

Library Location: 321 /00802 ISBN: 9789004178120

Author(s):

1. Akpinarli, Neyire

Bibliography: p. 237-261. Includes index.

'The absence of effective government, one of the most important issues in current international law, became prominent with the 'failed state' concept at the beginning of the 1990s. Public international law, however, lacked sufficient legal means to deal with the phenomenon. Neither attempts at state reconstruction in countries such as Afghanistan and Somalia on the legal basis of Chapter VII of the UN Charter nor economic liberalisation have addressed fundamental social and economic problems. This work investigates the weaknesses of the 'failed state' paradigm as a long-term solution for international peace and security, arguing that the solution to the absence of effective government can be found only in an economic and social approach and a true universalisation of international law.'

#### **GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE**

Global Warring : How Environmental, Economic, and Political Crises Will Redraw the World Map / by Cleo Paskal. - 1st ed. - New York : Palgrave MacMillan, 2010.

280 p. : ill.; 25 cm.

ID number: 80023115

Type: M

Library Location: 502 /00005 ISBN: 9780230621817

Author(s):

1. Paskal, Cleo

Includes index.

'In a perfect storm, the environment, the global economic system, and geopolitics are all currently undergoing rapid, uncontrolled change. In the same way that the climate is in a state of flux, exhibiting erratic behavior before settling into a new norm, in the wake of the global economic crisis many of the assumptions about the Western economic system have been destroyed, which leads to some troubling questions : How vulnerable is the United States to more devastating hurricanes like Katrina ? What will the opening of the Arctic mean for Russian access into North American waters ? Will China's lack of clean, fresh water undermine its global ambitions ? Will India's increasingly erratic monsoon affect its economic growth ? This book takes a hard look at these questions. The author identifies problem areas that are most likely to start wars, destroy economies, and create failed states. Examining the most likely environmental change scenarios, she illuminates the ways in which they could radically alter human existence.'

#### **HUMANITARIAN INTERVENTION--KOSOVO (REPUBLIC)**

Kosovo, Intervention and Statebuilding : The International Community and the Transition to Independence. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.

xiii, 207 p.; 24 cm.

(Routledge Studies in Intervention and Statebuilding)

ID number: 80023127

Type: M

Library Location: 341.2 /00425 ISBN: 9780415561679

Includes index.

'This book examines international engagement with Kosovo since NATO's intervention in 1999, and looks at the three distinct phases of Kosovo's development : intervention, statebuilding and independence. Each chapter focuses on a particular aspect of the international engagement with Kosovo and situates events there in an international context, highlighting norms and practices. Kosovo has been cited in certain texts as a positive template to be emulated, but the contributors to this book identify the often controversial and contentious nature of these new norms.'

#### **INSURGENCY**

The Insurgent Archipelago : From Mao to bin Laden / by John Mackinlay. - London : Hurst, 2009.

vii, 292 p. : ill.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023160

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01648 ISBN: 9781849040129

Author(s):

1. Mackinlay, John

Bibliography: p. 267-278. Includes index.

'The author focuses on the situation in Afghanistan to see how threats from one theater of operation impact on us domestically in the UK and the US. He maps the transformation of insurgencies against the rapid modernization of their origin cities, noting the ways in which technology has accelerated and complicated a variety of coalitions and the efforts to defeat them. The current bin Laden era, the author argues, must be understood from a Maoist perspective of insurgency. The campaigns of mid-century are directly linked to the global movements of tomorrow, yet the past two decades of insurgent activity have also marked a new chapter in the practice, in which propaganda of the deed (i.e. suicide bombings) has become centrally important. This shift presents new challenges to our traditional, time-honored response to terror and places a greater emphasis on mastering the virtual, cyber-based dimension of these campaigns. The author revisits the roots of global insurgencies, describes their nature and character, reveals the power of mass communications and grievance, and recommends how individual nations can counter these threats by focusing on domestic terrorism.'

#### **INTERAGENCY COORDINATION--USA**

Civilian Surge : Key to Complex Operations. - Washington : National Defense University Press, 2009.

ix, 316 p. : ill.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023112

Type: M

Library Location: 355.2 /00359 ISBN: 9780160831669

'The United States today lacks adequate civilian capacity to conduct complex operations - those that require close civil-military planning and cooperation in the field, such as stabilization and reconstruction, humanitarian and disaster relief, and irregular warfare and counterinsurgency. Partial solutions to building such capacity have been offered in studies, directives, and statutes, but there has been no comprehensive review of all elements of this national need. This book is intended to fill that gap. Its main

conclusion is that current efforts to build a civilian response capacity for complex operations are unfinished and that the administration of President Barack Obama needs to dedicate additional attention and resources to complete the task.'

#### **INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES**

International Organizations : A Dictionary and Directory / by Giuseppe Schiavone. - 7th ed. - Houndmills, UK : Palgrave MacMillan, 2008.  
iii, 411 p.; 26 cm.  
ID number: 80023151

Type: REF

Library Location: 4 /00107 REF ISBN: 9780230573222

Author(s):

1. Schiavone, Giuseppe

Includes index.

'This book provides a concise and balanced reference guide to approximately 250 international organizations, multilateral groups and worldwide forums serving political, security, social and cultural purposes. Highlighting their changing roles and functions as a result of the challenges of globalization and the newly emerging powers on the world scene, the book includes a historical overview coupled with an up-to-date assessment of current developments.'

#### **INTERVENTION (INTERNATIONAL LAW)**

Stopping Wars and Making Peace : Studies in International Intervention. - Leiden : Nijhoff, 2009.  
xix, 223 p.; 25 cm.

(International Humanitarian Law Series ; 27)

ID number: 80023122

Type: M

Library Location: 341.2 /00424 ISBN: 9789004178557

Includes index.

'International efforts at stopping wars and making peace, in the era in which such initiatives have become lawful and virtuous, have proved remarkably unsuccessful. Yet the proliferation of ever more destructive weapons, the growing sense of insecurity and expectation of violence, the increasing difficulty of containing wars within a single arena, the threat of breakdown of order, with the prospect of epidemics and mass migration, all work to intensify the demand to stop wars and to make peace. This volume explores these issues by analyzing the theoretical literature on stopping wars and making peace and its application to a number of concrete cases, including the Falklands, Nagorno Karabakh, Rwanda, Malaya, Thailand, and Mozambique. Each case examines one conflict and the efforts undertaken to stop it and transform it into a peace system. The case studies draw general lessons from the incidents studied, extracting guidelines and principles that might serve those called upon to stop wars and make peace and offering a number of instructive points.'

#### **IRAQ WAR, 2003-**

How to Get Out of Iraq with Integrity / by Brendan O'Leary. - Philadelphia : University of Pennsylvania Press, 2009.  
xii, 263 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023134

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01644 ISBN: 9780812242010

Author(s):

1. O'Leary, Brendan

Includes index.

'This book argues that the US military intervention in Iraq must come to an end. But it must come to an end in a judicious, pragmatic, and orderly fashion. The author spells out why that withdrawal can begin

to occur now, why it is in the best interests of the United States and the Iraqis that withdrawal occur, and why Iraq can function as a federation once the US military has left the country. The book provides an in-depth analysis of the new Iraqi constitution, an evaluation of the political goals and powers of the major ethnic and religious groups that will constitute the new Iraqi state, and an assessment of the regional realities of a Saddam-less Iraq. With a viable constitution and other institutional structures already in place, Iraq is poised for a future as a sovereign state. If US leaders facilitate the remaking of Iraq as a federation with four or more regions instead of a centralized state, the United States can begin successfully to remove its forces.'

#### **ISLAM AND POLITICS**

Why Europe Must Engage with Political Islam / by Amr Elshobaki, Gema Martin Munoz. - Paris : European Union Institute for Security Studies, 2010.

35 p. ; 27 cm.

(10 Papers for Barcelona 2010 ; 5)

ID number: 80023146

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01194 ISBN: 9788439381174

Author(s):

1. Elshobaki, Amr
2. Munoz, Gema Martin

'This paper focuses on the way Europe approaches the issue of Islamic political movements in the Middle East and North Africa. The key message that emerges from the report is that it is time for Europe to engage with political Islam in this region. Both authors of the main chapters in this report - one from the Arab world and the other from Europe - eloquently make the argument that there is no prospect of a credible democratic transformation of the Arab world without the full integration of Islamist movements into the political mainstream.'

#### **ISLAM AND POLITICS--ASIA, CENTRAL**

Political Islam in Central Asia : The Challenge of Hizb ut-Tahrir / by Emmanuel Karagiannis. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.

xiv, 172 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

(Central Asian Studies Series ; 21)

ID number: 80023131

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01190 ISBN: 9780415553995

Author(s):

1. Karagiannis, Emmanuel

Bibliography: p. 148-169. Includes index.

'The terrorist attacks in the United States on 9/11 and the US-led military campaign against the Taliban in Afghanistan have intensified scrutiny of radical Islamic groups across Central Asia. This book offers one of the first comprehensive studies of the activities of one of the most feared - but least understood - Islamist groups in post-Soviet Central Asia : Hizb ut-Tahrir al-Islami, that is The Islamic Liberation Party. By utilizing social movement theory, the book analyses political Islam in Central Asia in general, and the phenomenon of Hizb ut-Tahrir in particular. It reveals the critical role of its ideology (based on a selective interpretation of Islamic theology and history) in the party's recruiting success. Although Hizb ut-Tahrir has received less international examination partly because it has advocated a non-violent approach toward its goals, this book sketches its prospective future relationship to violence in this key region.'

## **JIHAD**

De ideologie van de global jihad : een discursieve benadering / by Stefan Deconinck. - Brussel : Koninklijk Hoger Instituut voor Defensie, 2009.

iii, 138 p.; 25 cm.

(Securite et Strategie ; 104)

ID number: 80023109

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01189

Author(s):

1. Deconinck, Stefan

Bibliography: p. 128-138.

'De global jihad is een radicale vorm van politieke Islam of islamisme. Kenmerkend is het gebruik van geweld als middel om hun doelstellingen te bereiken. Jihadisten verwijzen naar jihad zoals dat bestaat binnen het islamitische recht, als legitimatie voor dit geweld. Islam vormt zo een laagje religieuze glazuur over een in essentie politieke ideologie. In deze studie wordt ingegaan op de ontstaansgeschiedenis van de global jihad, het discours waarvan deze stroming zich bedient om moslims te overtuigen van de legitimiteit van de daden en doelstellingen van de jihadisten, en op de mogelijkheden om gebruik te maken van discours als een instrument tegen radicalisering en jihadisering.'

## **JUSTICE, ADMINISTRATION OF--AFGHANISTAN**

Statebuilding and Justice Reform : Post-Conflict Reconstruction in Afghanistan / by Matteo Tondini. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.

xx, 167 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

(Cass Series on Peacekeeping ; 26)

ID number: 80023128

Type: M

Library Location: 342 /00189 ISBN: 9780415558945

Author(s):

1. Tondini, Matteo

Bibliography: p. 145-161. Includes index.

'The book provides an updated account of justice reform in Afghanistan, which started in the wake of the US-led military intervention of 2001. In particular, it focuses on the role of international actors and their interaction with local stakeholders, highlighting some provisional results, together with problems and dilemmas encountered in the reform activities. Since the mid-1990s, justice system reform has become increasingly important in statebuilding operations, particularly with regard to the international administration of Bosnia, Kosovo, East Slavonia and East Timor. This book examines in-depth the form of justice in Afghanistan, evaluating whether the success of reform may be linked to any specific feature or approach. In doing so, it stresses the need for development programmes in the field of justice to be implemented through a multilateral approach, involving domestic authorities and other relevant stakeholders. Success is therefore linked to limiting the political interests of donors; establishing functioning pooled financing mechanisms; restricting the use of bilateral projects; improving the efficacy of technical and financial aid; and concentrating the attention on the 'demand' for justice' at local level rather than on the traditional supply of financial and technical assistance.'

#### **KURDS--SYRIA--HISTORY**

Syria's Kurds : History, Politics and Society / by Jordi Tejel. -  
Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2009.  
187 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.  
(Routledge Advances in Middle East and Islamic Studies ; 16)  
ID number: 80023142  
Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01193 ISBN: 9780415424400

Author(s):

1. Tejel, Jordi

Bibliography: p. 169-181. Includes index.

'This book is a contribution to the study of Kurdish history in Syria since the Mandatory period (1920-1946) up to the present. The author provides an analysis of the articulations between tribal, local, regional, and national identities, on one hand, and the formation of a Kurdish minority awareness vis-a-vis the consolidation of Arab nationalism in Syria, on the other hand. He analyses the reasons behind the Syrian 'exception' within the Kurdish political sphere. In spite of the exclusion of Kurdishness from the public sphere, especially since 1963, the Kurds of Syria have avoided a direct confrontation with the central power, most Kurds opting for a strategy of 'dissimulation', cultivating internally the forms of identity that challenge the official ideology. The book explores the dynamics leading to the consolidation of Kurdish minority awareness in contemporary Syria; an ongoing process that could take the form of radicalization or even violence.'

#### **LAW ENFORCEMENT--INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION**

The Military and Law Enforcement in Peace Operations : Lessons from Bosnia-Herzegovina and Kosovo / by Cornelius Friesendorf. -  
Munster : LIT, 2010.  
xii, 191 p. ; 24 cm.  
ID number: 80023167  
Type: M

Library Location: 341.2 /00426 ISBN: 9783643800435

Author(s):

1. Friesendorf, Cornelius

Bibliography: p. 165-191.

'After war, police forces are often unable or unwilling to put pressure on suspected war criminals, organized crime groups, and other spoilers of sustainable peace. This book sheds light on the role of international military forces in post-conflict law enforcement. Drawing on numerous interviews, it shows that EU and NATO military forces have not systematically fought serious crime in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Kosovo. International actors need to better balance their own interests as well as the requirement to separate military and police functions with the urgent need to protect individuals in war-torn countries. The policy recommendations in the book are aimed at contributing to more effective, efficient, and legitimate peace operations in the Balkans and beyond.'

#### **MIDDLE EAST--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT**

The Middle East and North Africa : 2010. - 56th ed. - Abingdon, UK :  
Routledge, 2009.  
xx, 1464 p. ; 29 cm.  
ID number: 80023138  
Type: REF  
Library Location: 321 /00035 REF ISBN: 9781857435306

An Atlas of Middle Eastern Affairs / by Ewan W. Anderson, Liam D. Anderson. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.  
xvii, 278 p. : ill. ; 26 cm.  
ID number: 80023159

Type: M

Library Location: 321 /00804 ISBN: 9780415455145

Author(s):

1. Anderson, Ewan W.
2. Anderson, Liam D.

Bibliography: p. 263-267. Includes index.

'This atlas provides accessible, concisely written entries on the most important current issues in the Middle East, combining maps with their geopolitical background. Offering a clear context for analysis of key concerns, it includes background topics, the position of the Middle East in the world and profiles of the constituent countries.'

#### **MILITARY ETHICS--USA**

The Army Officers' Professional Ethic : Past, Present, and Future / by Matthew Moten. - Carlisle, PA : US Army War College, 2010.  
ix, 28 p. ; 23 cm.

(Professional Military Ethics Monograph Series ; 2)

ID number: 80023104

Type: M

Library Location: 355.1 /00057 ISBN: 9781584874249

Author(s):

1. Moten, Matthew

'This monograph surveys the history of the Army's professional ethic, focusing primarily on the Army officer corps. It assesses today's strategic, professional, and ethical environment. Then it argues that a clear statement of the Army officers' professional ethic is especially necessary in a time when the Army is stretched and stressed as an institution. The Army officer corps has both a need and an opportunity to better define itself as a profession, forthrightly to articulate its professional ethic, and clearly to codify what it means to be a military professional.'

#### **MILITARY OCCUPATION**

The Law of Occupation : Continuity and Change of International Humanitarian Law, and Its Interaction with International Human Rights Law / by Yutaka Arai-Takahashi. - Leiden : Nijhoff, 2009.  
xl, 758 p. ; 25 cm.

(International Law in Japanese Perspective ; 11)

ID number: 80023132

Type: M

Library Location: 341.3 /00196 ISBN: 9789004162464

Author(s):

1. Arai-Takahashi, Yutaka

Bibliography: p. 709-740. Includes index.

'This monograph analyses the historical evolution of the laws of occupation as a special branch of international humanitarian law (IHL), focusing on the extent to which this body of law has been transformed by its interaction with the development of international human rights law. It argues that a large part of the laws of occupation has proved to be malleable while being able to accommodate changing demands of civilians and any other persons affected by occupation in modern context. Its examinations have drawn much on archival research into the drafting documents of the instruments of IHL, including the aborted Brussels Declaration 1874, the 1899/1907 Hague Regulations, the 1949 Geneva Conventions and the 1977 Additional Protocol I. After assessing the complementary relationship between international human rights law and the laws of occupation, the book examines how to provide a coherent explanation for an emerging framework on the rights of individual persons affected by occupation. It engages a theoretical appraisal of the role of customary IHL and

the Martens clause in building up such a normative framework.'

## NATO

NATO, the Credit Crunch and the New Security Environment. - Brussels  
: Security & Defence Agenda, 2009.

54 p. : ill. ; 30 cm.

ID number: 80023164

Type: M

Library Location: 49 /00178

December 17, 2009, Cercle Gaulois, Brussels.

'This paper reflects some of the contributions of 14 speakers and over 200 participants who gathered to discuss the challenges facing NATO today. As the current economic crisis has placed financial constraints on EU and NATO budgets, achieving security goals in a changed global security paradigm has become more difficult. But the crisis may yet provide creative solutions.'

NATO and the (Re-)Constitution of Roles : 'Self', 'We' and 'Other' ?

/ by Trine Flockhart. - Copenhagen : Danish Institute for  
International Studies, 2010.

24 p. : ill. ; 30 cm.

(DIIS Working Paper ; 2010:04)

ID number: 80023163

Type: M

Library Location: 49 /00177 ISBN: 9788776053765

Author(s):

1. Flockhart, Trine

Bibliography: p. 23-24.

'The popular perception of the role of NATO was famously defined by NATO's first Secretary General, Lord Ismay, as 'keeping the Russians out, the Americans in and the Germans down'. NATO's role is still essentially to keep its members safe from threats, to ensure the cohesion of the transatlantic relationship, and to transform relations between former foes. However, behind this alluringly simple description of NATO, lie complex 'self', 'we' and 'other' definitions and perceptions of roles and relevant functional tasks. This paper seeks to unravel some of the complex processes of constituting and re-constituting NATO's roles. By utilizing a combination of role theory and social identity theory the paper traces how NATO has been engaged in complex and simultaneous processes of having a role set defined for it, whilst also being deeply involved in constructing its own identity and the identity of its member states, prospective member states and partners.'

The Future of NATO / by James M. Goldgeier. - New York : Council on  
Foreign Relations, 2010.

ix, 33 p. ; 30 cm.

(Council Special Report ; 51)

ID number: 80023162

Type: M

Library Location: 49 /00176

Author(s):

1. Goldgeier, James M.

'When NATO's founding members signed the North Atlantic Treaty on April 4, 1949, they declared themselves 'resolved to unite their efforts for collective defense and for the preservation of peace and security'. The greatest threat to these objectives was a military attack by a hostile power - a prospect that led to the treaty's most famous provision, Article V. Today, more than sixty years later, the threats facing the alliance's members have changed considerably. An attack in North America or Europe by the regular army of an outside state is highly unlikely. Instead, the alliance must confront an array of more diffuse challenges, ranging from terrorism and nuclear proliferation to piracy, cyberattacks, and the disruption of energy supplies.'

## **NATO--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)**

International Security in Practice : The Politics of NATO-Russia  
Diplomacy / by Vincent Pouliot. - Cambridge, UK :  
Cambridge University Press, 2010.  
xv, 282 p.; 24 cm.  
(Cambridge Studies in International Relations ; 113)  
ID number: 80023156

Type: M

Library Location: 495.3 /00144 ISBN: 9780521199162

Author(s):

1. Pouliot, Vincent, 1979-

Bibliography: p. 251-274. Includes index.

'How do once bitter enemies move beyond entrenched rivalry at the diplomatic level ? In one of the first attempts to apply practice theory to the study of International Relations, the author builds on Pierre Bourdieu's sociology to devise a theory of practice of security communities and applies it to post-Cold War security relations between NATO and Russia. Based on dozens of interviews and a thorough analysis of recent history, the author demonstrates that diplomacy has become a normal, though not a self-evident, practice between the two former enemies. He argues that this limited pacification is due to the intense symbolic power struggles that have plagued the relationship ever since NATO began its process of enlargement at the geographical and functional levels. So long as Russia and NATO do not cast each other in the roles that they actually play together, security community development is bound to remain limited.'

## **NEGOTIATION**

The Military and Negotiation : The Role of the Soldier-Diplomat / by  
Deborah Goodwin. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2005.  
xviii, 243 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

(The Cass Series on Peacekeeping ; 19)

ID number: 80023129

Type: M

Library Location: 341.7 /00130 ISBN: 0415350948

Author(s):

1. Goodwin, Deborah

Bibliography: p. 234-241. Includes index.

'This book is an investigation of the role of the modern soldier-diplomat and the nature of military negotiation. It breaks new ground in analysing the nature of military negotiation in relation to more generic forms of negotiation, and in assessing the role of the modern soldier-diplomat in recent deployments around the world. While the study of peacekeeping has grown in the last decade or so, until now no one has successfully investigated the role of the military and its approach to non-violent conflict resolution on the ground.'

## **NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY--PAKISTAN**

Pakistan's Nuclear Future : Reining in the Risk. - Carlisle, PA : US  
Army War College, 2009.  
v, 290 p. : ill.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023140

Type: M

Library Location: 623 /01096 ISBN: 1584874228

'Unfortunately, a nuclear terrorist act is only one - and hardly the most probable - of several frightening security threats Pakistan now faces or poses. We know that traditional acts of terrorism and conventional military crises in Southwest Asia have nearly escalated into wars and, more recently, even threatened Indian and Pakistani nuclear use. Certainly, the war jitters that attended the recent terrorist attacks against Mumbai highlighted the nexus between conventional terrorism and war. For several weeks, the key worry in Washington was that India and Pakistan might not be able to avoid war. Similar concerns were raised during the Kargil crisis in 1999, and the

Indo-Pakistani conventional military tensions that arose in 2001 and 2002 - crises that most analysts (including those who contributed to this volume) believe could have escalated into nuclear conflicts. The intent of this book is to conduct a significant evaluation of these threats. These analyses offer a window into what is possible and why Pakistani nuclear terrorism is best seen as a lesser included threat to war, and terrorism more generally. Could the United States do more with Pakistan to secure Pakistan's nuclear weapons holdings against possible seizure? It is unclear. This book argues that rather than distracting our policy leaders from taking the steps needed to reduce the threats of nuclear war, we would do well to view our worst terrorist nightmares for what they are: subordinate threats that will be limited best if the risk of nuclear war is reduced and contained.'

#### **PEACEKEEPING FORCES**

Understanding Peacekeeping / by Alex J. Bellamy... [et al.]. - 2nd ed. - Cambridge, UK : Polity, 2010.

xix, 447 p. : ill.; 27 cm.

ID number: 80023149

Type: M

Library Location: 40 /00146 ISBN: 9780745641850

Author(s):

1. Bellamy, Alex J.
2. Williams, Paul, 1975-
3. Griffin, Stuart, 1970-

Bibliography: p. 403-435. Includes index.

'Drawing on more than twenty-five historical and contemporary case studies, this book evaluates the changing characteristics of the contemporary environment in which peacekeepers operate, what role peace operations play in wider processes of global politics, the growing impact of non-state actors, and the major challenges facing today's peacekeepers.'

#### **PRIVATE MILITARY COMPANIES**

States, Citizens and the Privatization of Security / by Elke Krahmann. - Cambridge, UK : Cambridge University Press, 2010.

xi, 305 p.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023155

Type: M

Library Location: 355.2 /00360 ISBN: 9780521110198

Author(s):

1. Krahmann, Elke

Bibliography: p. 286-301. Includes index.

'Recent years have seen a growing role for private military contractors in national and international security. To understand the reasons for this, the author examines changing models of the state, the citizen and the soldier in the UK, the USA and Germany. She focuses on the national differences both with regard to the outsourcing of military services to private companies and their specific consequences for democratic control over the legitimate use of armed force. Tracing developments and debates from the late eighteenth century to the present, she explains the transition from the centralized warfare state of the Cold War era to privatized and fragmented security governance, and the different national attitudes to the privatization of force.'

#### **RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--NATIONAL SECURITY**

Russia's Foreign Security Policy in the 21st Century : Putin, Medvedev and Beyond / by Marcel de Haas. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.  
xviii, 211 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
(Contemporary Security Studies)  
ID number: 80023168

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01649 ISBN: 9780415477307

Author(s):

1. Haas, Marcel de

Bibliography: p. 184-203. Includes index.

'This book examines Russia's external security policy under the presidencies of Vladimir Putin, Dmitry Medvedev and beyond. The Russian Federation has developed from a neglected regional power into a self-declared resurgent superpower. Russia's background in the former Soviet Union as well as close ties with the upcoming new powers of China and India served as spring-boards towards regaining an influential status in the world. Simultaneously, Moscow developed an assertive policy towards the West and unwilling neighbours, culminating in August 2008 in an armed conflict with Georgia. Reviewing this decade of Russian international security policy, this work analyses security documents, military reforms and policy actions towards friends and foes, such as the USA and NATO, to provide an assessment of the future security stance of the Kremlin.'

#### **RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT**

The Territories of the Russian Federation : 2010. - 11th ed. - London : Routledge, 2010.  
x, 329 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
ID number: 80023150

Type: REF

Library Location: 321 /00035 REF ISBN: 9781857435559

Bibliography: p. 319-322. Includes index.

'This book offers a distinctive collection of political and economic information on the Russian Federation and its 83 constituent units. It represents an invaluable resource for anyone studying Russia or doing business there. This 11th edition provides an overview of the often-neglected regional dimension of the politics and economy of this vast country. Background historical, political, economic and statistical information is provided for the country as a whole, followed by an individual chapter on each of the constituent federal units. The volume also includes a contextualizing map of each region.'

#### **SECURITY SECTOR REFORM**

Security Sector Reform in Challenging Environments. - Berlin : Lit, 2009.  
xiv, 268 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
ID number: 80023103

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01188 ISBN: 9783643800138

'More often than not Security Sector Reform (SSR) takes place against many odds, in barely enabling political, security, economic and social environments. Such difficult contexts may be characterised by widespread corruption, ongoing violence, imprecise, open-ended or non-inclusive peace agreements and post-conflict architectures, lack of resources, 'stolen or impending elections or referenda - all circumstances that stand in the way of full-fledged, holistic and sustainable SSR efforts. Following an overview of 'ideal' SSR requirements, contrasted with typical obstacles inhibiting SSR efforts, the main body of this volume offers evidence-based analyses of positive and negative SSR records in barely enabling environments, drawing on the experience of specific national and international SSR programmes and experiences in Africa, the Americas, Asia and Europe.'

Lessons learned from these experiences are intended to feed into theoretical re-thinking of SSR policy frameworks as well as to help practitioners in designing and implementing effective and sustainable SSR in challenging environments.'

#### **SOUTH OSSETIA WAR, 2008**

Crisis in the Caucasus : Russia, Georgia and the West. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.

xxv, 246 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023130

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01645 ISBN: 9780415544290

Includes index.

'This collection of essays by a series of academic specialists examines the crisis stemming from the Russian invasion of Georgia in August 2008 from a range of standpoints. The chapters probe the geopolitical and strategic dimensions of the crisis as well as the longer term military and diplomatic implications for Europe and the central Asian region.'

A Little War that Shook the World : Georgia, Russia, and the Future of the West / by Ronald D. Asmus. - 1st ed. - New York : Palgrave MacMillan, 2010.

xi, 254 p. : ill.; 25 cm.

ID number: 80023120

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01643 ISBN: 9780230617735

Author(s):

1. Asmus, Ronald D.

Includes index.

'The brief war between Russia and Georgia in August 2008 seemed like a shot out of the blue. However, the author argues that this war happened because of Georgia's desire to go West and Moscow's determination to stop it. Moscow was also sending a message to the United States : Russia will flex its muscles to stop policies it opposes. Russia's challenges represent another step in the direction of a new world disorder where Western values, norms, and influence are being steadily eroded. This book goes back to the 1990s to examine where things started to go wrong with Moscow and what, if anything, the West could have done differently. It is a fascinating look at the lamentable breakdown of relations between Russia and the West and a provocative account of the first East-West post-Cold War military conflict.'

#### **TERRORISM--LAW AND LEGISLATION**

Exceptionalism and the Politics of Counter-Terrorism : Liberty, Security, and the War on Terror / by Andrew W. Neal. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.

x, 184 p.; 24 cm.

(Routledge Studies in Liberty and Security)

ID number: 80023125

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01191 ISBN: 9780415456753

Author(s):

1. Neal, Andrew W., 1978-

Bibliography: p. 169-178. Includes index.

'This book is an analysis and critique of the concepts of 'exception' and 'exceptionalism' in the context of the politics of liberty and security in the so-called 'War on Terror'. Since the destruction of the World Trade Centre on September 11th 2001, a notable transformation has occurred in political discourse and practice. Politicians and commentators have frequently made the argument that the rules of the game have changed, that this a new kind of war, and that exceptional times require exceptional measures. Under this

discourse of exceptionalism, an array of measures has been put into practice, such as detention without trial, 'extraordinary rendition', derogations from human rights law, sanction or connivance in torture, the curtailment of civil liberties, and aggressive war against international law. Situating exceptionalism within the post-9/11 controversy about the relationship between liberty and security, this book argues that the problem of exceptionalism emerges from the limits and paradoxes of liberal democracy itself. It is a commentary on and critique of both contemporary practices of exceptionalism and the critical debate that has formed in response. Through a detailed assessment of the key theoretical contributions to the debate, this book develops exceptionalism as a discursive claim, as a strategy, as a concept, as a theoretical problem and as a practice.'

#### **TERRORISM--PREVENTION**

Rules of the Game : Detention, Deportation, Disappearance / by Asim Qureshi. - London : Hurst, 2009.

xiii, 220 p.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023114

Type: M

Library Location: 323 /01192 ISBN: 9781850659693

Author(s):

1. Qureshi, Asim

Bibliography: p. 205-209. Includes index.

'In the aftermath of the suicide bombings on London's transport infrastructure in July 2005, the then Prime Minister Tony Blair said that 'the rules of the game have changed'. He referred to how his government planned to respond to the attacks, but few people at the time anticipated that counter-terrorism would become synonymous with circumventing time-honoured concepts such as the rule of law. It is associated now with words such as profiling, incommunicado detention, rendition and torture. This book investigates global counter terrorism through the perspective of those affected by such measures. The author analyses the effects of global counter-terrorism not as individual policies or pieces of legislation, but rather as parts of a larger phenomenon that has uniformly changed the way governments view justice and eroded fundamental norms in pursuit of often phantom terrorists. Among the issues he discusses are profiling of Muslims by security services and concurrent mass arrests; the use of detention without charge, control orders and incommunicado detention; rendition; domestic policies in North America; and how the establishment of Guantanamo Bay has affected global perceptions of justice and imprisonment.'

#### **TREATIES**

Treaties and Alliances of the World. - 8th ed. - London : John Harper Publishing, 2007.

xii, 711 p.; 26 cm.

ID number: 80023153

Type: REF

Library Location: 341.2 /00238 REF ISBN: 9780955114441

Includes index.

'This book provides a concise and balanced reference guide to the international system, useful both for quick fact-checking on the essentials of an agreement, organization or topic as well as for more detailed background and comparative research on particular themes.'

## USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS

Soft Power and US Foreign Policy : Theoretical, Historical and Contemporary Perspectives. - Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2010.  
x, 236 p.; 24 cm.  
(Routledge Studies in US Foreign Policy)  
ID number: 80023161  
Type: M

Library Location: 327 /01508 ISBN: 9780415492034  
Includes index.

'The rise of widespread negative attitudes towards US foreign policy, especially following the war of aggression against Iraq and the subsequent military occupation - has brought new attention to the meaning and instruments of soft power. In this edited collection, an outstanding line up of contributors provides the most extensive discussion of soft power to date. Soft power is the use of attraction and persuasion rather than the use of coercion or force in foreign policy. It arises from the attractiveness of a country's culture, political ideas and policies, whereas hard power develops out of a country's military or economic might.'

American Foreign Policy : Theoretical Essays. - 6th ed. - Boston, MA : Wadsworth/Cengage Learning, 2011.  
v, 633 p.; 24 cm.  
ID number: 80023157  
Type: M

Library Location: 327 /01506 ISBN: 9780547198286

'Containing thought-provoking essays collected from scholarly journals, this highly respected reader provides an overview of the critical topics that shape US foreign policy. Edited by an authority in the field, this volume contains selections written by leading scholars in US foreign policy and international relations. The essays provide representative statements of the major issues of American foreign policy and encourage readers to evaluate the problems we face today.'

Follies of Power : America's Unipolar Fantasy / by David P. Calleo. - Cambridge, UK : Cambridge University Press, 2009.  
x, 176 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
ID number: 80023158  
Type: M

Library Location: 327 /01507 ISBN: 9780521767675

Author(s):

1. Calleo, David P., 1934-

Includes index.

'The political imagination of America's elites remains deeply attracted to a unipolar view of world politics. In this way of looking a the world, peace and prosperity in the global system require a reigning superpower. Great Britain is imagined to have played this role in the nineteenth century and the United States to have inherited it in the twentieth. America's interest and duty are thought to lie in fulfilling this fate that history has thrust upon us. The vision persists but is more and more false. In reality, today's disposition of international power and wealth is increasingly plural. Our unipolar vision grows progressively dysfunctional as much of the world fears and resists it.'

One Nation under Contract : The Outsourcing of American Power and the Future of Foreign Policy / by Allison Stanger. - New Haven, CT : Yale University Press, 2009.

xiii, 242 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023118

Type: M

Library Location: 327 /01505 ISBN: 9780300152654

Author(s):

1. Stanger, Allison

Bibliography: p. 213-230. Includes index.

'The author shows how contractors became an integral part of American foreign policy, often in scandalous ways - but also maintains that contractors aren't the problem; the absence of good government is. Outsourcing done right is, in fact, indispensable to America's interests in the information age.'

#### **USA--NATIONAL SECURITY**

National Security Dilemmas : Challenges & Opportunities / by Colin S. Gray. - 1st ed. - Washington : Potomac Books, 2009.

xvii, 334 p.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023141

Type: M

Library Location: 355.4 /01646 ISBN: 9781597972628

Author(s):

1. Gray, Colin S.

Bibliography: p. 315-322. Includes index.

'A contemporary primer on the leading arguments about US national security, this book addresses the major challenges and opportunities that are live-issue areas for American policymakers and strategists today. The author provides an in-depth analysis of a policy and strategy for deterrence; the long-term US bid to transform its armed forces' capabilities, with particular reference to strategic surprise, in the face of many great uncertainties; the difficulty of understanding and exploiting the challenge of revolutionary change in warfare; the problems posed by enemies who fight using irregular methods; and the awesome dilemmas for US policy over the options to wage preventive and preemptive warfare.'

#### **USA. AFRICA COMMAND**

Security and Stability in Africa : A Development Approach / by Clarence J. Bouchat. - Carlisle, PA : US Army War College, 2010.

viii, 155 p. : ill.; 23 cm.

(Letort Papers)

ID number: 80023102

Type: M

Library Location: 355.3 /00118 ISBN: 9781584874218

Author(s):

1. Bouchat, Clarence J.

'The security and stability of Africa has recently become an important national issue readily seen in the increased time, effort, and resources now devoted to the continent by such new organizations as the U.S. Africa Command (USAFRICOM). This paper seeks to overcome centuries of ignorance and misunderstanding about the conditions and people of Africa by discussing the fundamental issues of economic development and political governance through which enduring stability and security might be obtained. This paper offers solutions in terms of improving African stability and security and a framework of several key issues which should give policymakers the knowledge they need to work in a constantly changing and very challenging environment.'

## **WAR (INTERNATIONAL LAW)**

The Contemporary Law of Targeting : Military Objectives, Proportionality and Precautions in Attack under Additional Protocol I / by Ian Henderson. - Leiden : Nijhoff, 2009. xviii, 266 p.; 25 cm.  
(International Humanitarian Law Series ; 25)  
ID number: 80023121

Type: M

Library Location: 341.3 /00197 ISBN: 9789004174801

Author(s):

1. Henderson, Ian

Bibliography: p. 249-260. Includes index.

'Armed conflict is about using force to achieve goals. As international humanitarian law regulates the means and methods that a belligerent may adopt to achieve its goals, there will inevitably be disagreements over the interpretation of that law. As for the rules that regulate targeting, the main difficulties arise over what is a lawful target and what is proportional collateral damage. This book provides a detailed analysis of those issues. Also, a chapter is dedicated to considering how United Nations Security Council sanctioning of participation in an armed conflict might affect the range of lawful targets available to a belligerent. Finally, a process is described by which legal responsibility for targeting decisions can be assessed in a complex decision-making environment.'

## **WAR VICTIMS--LEGAL STATUS, LAWS, ETC.**

The Geneva Conventions Under Assault. - London : Pluto Press, 2010. xvi, 252 p.; 23 cm.

ID number: 80023113

Type: M

Library Location: 341.3 /00195 ISBN: 9780745329147

Includes index.

'Outrages committed during violent conflict and as part of the 'war on terror' are not only an affront to human dignity - they also violate the Geneva Conventions. This book examines recent high-profile cases of repeated and open abuse of the Conventions. The contributors explore why these and related violations of international humanitarian law cannot be viewed as anomalies, but must be regarded as part of a pattern which is set to undermine the Geneva Conventions as a whole. The contributors argue that an international system in which there is diminishing legal restraint on the use of force means that the world will become less secure and more volatile, even for those in the most powerful countries. Individuals everywhere face the prospect of a horrifying vulnerability. This is the first scholarly work to consider the meanings of outrages such as the normalisation of torture, as well as the worrying new normative, technical and tactical developments that challenge the purpose and standing of the Geneva Conventions.'

## **WEB SEARCH ENGINES**

The Art of SEO. - Sebastopol, CA : O'Reilly, 2010. xxiv, 574 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

ID number: 80023101

Type: M

Library Location: 681 /00813 ISBN: 9780596518868

Includes index.

'A well-designed, easy-to-navigate website is useless if no one can find it. If your company is going to succeed in the web economy, optimizing your site for search engine visibility is essential. In this book, four of the most noted experts in the field of search engine optimization (SEO) provide you with proven guidelines and cutting-edge techniques for planning and executing a comprehensive SEO strategy.'

# JOURNAL ARTICLES

## ARTICLES DE REVUES

---

---

### **ALBANIA--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION**

Migration and Development in Albania and Kosovo., 2009.  
(SOUTHEAST EUROPEAN AND BLACK SEA STUDIES, vol. 9, no. 4,  
December 2009, Special Issue.)  
ID Number: JA026610  
Type: ART

### **BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSES--ISRAEL**

Israel : l'indispensable defense antimissile / by Uzi Rubin., 2009.  
(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 126, hiver 2009 - 2010, p.  
169-184.)

ID Number: JA026574

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Rubin, Uzi

Israel has rested on its laurels for many years. Counting on its military superiority over the surrounding Arab countries - due in large part to its air force - Israel has believed for decades that the firepower of its combat aircraft was enough to ensure victory in any future conflict. But these countries have adapted. Understanding that it is impossible for them to beat the Israeli air force, since the early 1980s they have bought or developed a large number of ballistic and cruise missiles, which now pose a huge threat to Israel. Iran and Syria both have missiles capable of reaching the 'Zionist entity', while Hamas and Hezbollah deploy short-range rockets that the Israeli defense forces have a hard time countering. The political elite in Tel Aviv has finally grasped the threat and has decided to set up an ultra-modern antimissile shield - after wasting a lot of time!

### **BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION (1972)**

Seeking Biosecurity Without Verification : The New U.S. Strategy on Biothreats / by Jonathan B. Tucker., 2010.  
(ARMS CONTROL TODAY, vol. 40, no. 1, January - February 2010, p.  
8-14.)

ID Number: JA026568

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Tucker, Jonathan B.

The Obama administration's approach to biothreats does well by recognizing the wide range of biological risks and by expanding prevention efforts, but it should do more to increase transparency and find better ways to address alleged violations of the Biological Weapons Convention.

#### CEE--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

East Europe Rides Out the Economic Storm / by Janusz Bugajski.,  
2010.

(CURRENT HISTORY, vol. 109, no. 725, March 2010, p. 105-111.)

ID Number: JA026612

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Bugajski, Janusz

The region's youngest democracies, while suffering economic upheaval,  
have so far avoided radical or revisionist political temptations.

#### CHINA--FOREIGN RELATIONS

Central Asian and Russian Perspectives on China's Strategic  
Emergence / by David Kerr., 2010.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 86, no. 1, January 2010, p.  
127-152.)

ID Number: JA026608

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Kerr, David

This article employs fieldwork research and literature analysis to examine contemporary perceptions of China's emergence in popular and elite opinion in Russia and the Central Asian states, particularly Kazakhstan. It initially establishes a framework for understanding China's emergence, emphasizing a trilateral dynamic between the hegemonic position of the US in Asia, the evolution of the strategic choices of China's neighbours and the development of strategic regionalism as a mechanism for managing regional spaces. Choosing to take the Commonwealth of Independent States as a particular case of this framework, it argues that the interaction between Russia, China and the US remains highly fluid, particularly under the conditions 'of re-setting' the US-Russian relationship. This means that regional contexts are highly significant; and it establishes Central Asia as an important new strategic region for working out relations between Russia, China, and the US through their interactions with regional states. The second part of the article examines Russian and Central Asian responses to China's emergence. It looks at three categories of motivation in China's regionalism: its system for accumulative growth; its problems with weak constitutionality and transnational security in its western regions; and its concern with US/NATO encroachment on its western frontier and the US attempt to turn Central Asian elites away from their traditional alignments. The third part looks at China's promotion of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) as its mechanism for strategic regionalism in Central Asia. The article questions the SCO's significance in terms of its capacity for governance and functionalism, and points to the problem of institutional competition, notably with Moscow's preferred structure of the Collective Security Treaty Organization. The article concludes that China will be an unconventional superpower that presents different facets of itself in different regional contexts. There will not be a single model of China's emergence and it will continue to develop its international role through a mix of adaptation and experimentation. However, China's strategy will pose a problem for Russia and Central Asia since it seeks to create a strategic space that does not challenge the West, but exists substantially outside the West. Russia, in particular, has to decide whether it will be able to maintain its current stance of independence between Europe and Asia as China's rise shifts the frontiers between East and West.

## CIS

The CIS, an Area of Effective Cooperation / by Sergei Lebedev.,  
2009.  
(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p.  
41-46.)  
ID Number: JA026583  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Lebedev, Sergei

## CIVIL WAR

Blocking Resolution : How External States Can Prolong Civil Wars /  
by David E. Cunningham., 2010.  
(JOURNAL OF PEACE RESEARCH, vol. 47, no. 2, March 2010, p.  
115-127.)  
ID Number: JA026628  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Cunningham, David E.  
What explains the effect of external intervention on the duration of  
civil war ? The literature on intervention has made some progress in  
addressing this question, but it has been hindered by an assumption  
that states intervene in civil wars either to help one side win or to  
facilitate negotiations. Often, however, external states become  
involved in civil war to pursue an agenda which is separate from the  
goals of the internal combatants. When states intervene in this  
fashion, they make wars more difficult to resolve for two reasons.  
First, doing so introduces another actor that must approve any  
settlement to end the war. Second, external states generally have less  
incentive to negotiate than internal actors because they bear lower  
costs of fighting and they can anticipate gaining less benefit from  
negotiation than domestic insurgents. Through Cox regressions using  
data on the goals of all interventions in civil wars since World War  
II, this article shows that when states intervene with an independent  
agenda, they make wars substantially longer. The effect of independent  
interventions is much larger than that of external interventions  
generally, suggesting that the established finding that external  
interventions prolong civil war is driven by a subset of cases where  
states have intervened in conflicts to pursue independent goals.

Economic Sanctions and the Duration of Civil Conflicts / by Abel  
Escriba-Folch., 2010.  
(JOURNAL OF PEACE RESEARCH, vol. 47, no. 2, March 2010, p.  
129-141.)  
ID Number: JA026629  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Escriba-Folch, Abel  
This article studies the impact of economic sanctions on the duration  
and outcome of intrastate conflicts. Sanctions are argued to foster  
the convergence of beliefs over parties' capacity, to reduce the  
utility of victory and to increase the costs of continuing fighting.  
Using a sample of 87 wars and new data on sanctions and sanction  
types, the author shows that sanctions and their durations are  
statistically associated with shorter intrastate conflicts. It is also  
shown that total economic embargoes are the most effective type of  
coercive measure in these cases and that sanctions imposed either by  
international organizations or by other actors have similar negative  
effects on war duration. In the second part of the article, the  
dependent variable is disaggregated, and the author demonstrates that  
sanctions imposed by international institutions increase the  
likelihood of conflict resolution, whereas those sanctions not imposed  
by such institutions tend to increase the probability of a military  
victory. Moreover, if the targeted state is a member of the  
international institution imposing the sanctions, the effect of such

coercion is even greater. Economic embargoes are also proven to increase the likelihoods of a military and a negotiated end, whereas international arms embargoes reduce the likelihood of a military victory.

#### **CLIMATIC CHANGES--GOVERNMENT POLICY--EU**

Europe's Green Diplomacy : Global Climate Governance Is a Test Case for Europe / by Martin Kremer, Sascha Muller-Kraenner., 2010. (INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p. 26-29.)

ID Number: JA026603

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Kremer, Martin
2. Muller-Kraenner, Sascha

The Lisbon Treaty provides new tools for Europe to combat climate change. Europe will have to figure out how to put the European External Action Service to use in order to avoid another failure of global environmental leadership like that in Copenhagen. Obviously, leading by example is not enough.

#### **COUNTERINSURGENCY**

Contre-insurrection(s)., 2009. (SECURITE GLOBALE, no. 10, hiver 2009 - 2010, numero entier.)

ID Number: JA026627

Type: ART

#### **COUNTERINSURGENCY--PAKISTAN**

Pakistan's Anti-Taliban Counter-Insurgency / by Syed Manzar Abbas Zaidi., 2010. (RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 10-19.)

ID Number: JA026618

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Zaidi, Syed Manzar Abbas

Before Pakistan's military operations Rah-e-Haq and Rah-e-Nijat, the state's counter-insurgency strategy in the troubled frontier regions was inconsistent. However, current operations are focused on heavy firepower without due emphasis on political and economic solutions, which risks creating a protracted conflict and contrasts sharply with the latest international effort in Afghanistan.

#### **COUNTERINSURGENCY--USA**

A Historical Basis for Force Requirements in Counterinsurgency / by Steven M. Goode., 2009. (PARAMETERS, vol. 39, no. 4, Winter 2009 - 2010, p. 45-57.)

ID Number: JA026638

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Goode, Steven M.

The author draws upon research by the Center for Army Analysis at Fort Belvoir, Virginia, to provide an informed discussion regarding the guidelines for force requirements in counterinsurgency. The author analyzes force requirements from a number of insurgencies to suggest guidelines for counterinsurgency operations. His analysis of these insurgencies and the interpretation of data support the conclusion that adequate forces can enable the counterinsurgent's ability to provide a certain level of security in the area of operations, but security alone will not be sufficient for victory. The author cautions that the research presented should not be construed as policy recommendations or a call for specific force levels, but rather, it serves as a guide for the planning and execution of future operations.

#### **CRISIS MANAGEMENT--EU**

Old Myths to New Missions : European Civilian Crisis Management in the 21st Century / by Richard Gowan, Daniel Korski., 2010. (INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p. 12-18.)

ID Number: JA026601

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Gowan, Richard
2. Korski, Daniel

The European Union is said to specialize in civilian crisis management. It has sent missions of police, judges, and governance experts to trouble spots around the world. But, upon closer inspection, its record is mixed. Brussels' new foreign policy team would be well advised to initiate sweeping changes in Europe's civilian capabilities.

#### **CYPRUS--HISTORY--CYPRUS CRISIS, 1974-**

Waiting for Miracles on Cyprus / by Hugh Pope., 2010. (CURRENT HISTORY, vol. 109, no. 725, March 2010, p. 119-125.)

ID Number: JA026613

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Pope, Hugh

If a settlement is not reached soon, Greek and Turkish Cypriots may lose their last chance to reunify the island as a federation.

#### **DEMOCRATIZATION--USA**

Exploring USAID's Democracy Promotion in Bosnia and Afghanistan : a 'Cookie-Cutter Approach' ? / by Matthew Alan Hill., 2010. (DEMOCRATIZATION, vol. 17, no. 1, February 2010, p. 98-124.)

ID Number: JA026569

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Hill, Matthew Alan

US democracy promotion is integral to the pursuit of the grand project of the American Mission. By promoting democracy America makes its role one of international engagement as opposed to one of isolation. The first part of this paper examines the political and cultural aspects of US democracy promotion in the post-Cold War era through the bi-polar framework of the case-specific versus one-size-fits-all. To better understand USAID's democracy promotion policy, the second part takes this framework and applies it to its political reform strategy in Bosnia under the Clinton administration from 1995 to 2000 and Afghanistan under the Bush administration from 2001 to 2008. This paper confirms that America's democracy promotion simultaneously employed both the case-specific and one-size-fits-all approaches. USAID programmes and projects did at times respond to local conditions but nevertheless appear to employ a blueprint design.

#### **EU--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA**

Balkan Tango : The EU Must Finally Face Up to the Challenge in Bosnia / by Kurt Bassuener, Bodo Weber., 2010. (INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p. 19-25.)

ID Number: JA026602

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Bassuener, Kurt
2. Weber, Bodo

Bosnia is backsliding into political chaos and possibly even renewed ethnic violence. Failure for the European Union in Bosnia will rightly be seen as a resounding blow to the EU's Common Foreign and Security

Policy. First, Europeans need to allign their Bosnia policies. For this they need U.S. help, whether they like it or not.

#### **EU--ENP**

L'UE et ses voisins apres Lisbonne / by Bastien Nivet., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 65-72.)

ID Number: JA026634

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Nivet, Bastien

Les voisins des pays de l'Union europeenne chercheront dans le Traite de Lisbonne de nouvelles cles pour aborder l'UE et ses differents et complexes cadres de cooperation. La Commission, le Parlement et les Etats membres voudront renforcer via ce traite la coherence, l'efficacite et l'influence de l'Europe. Tel est le theme general de cette reflexion.

#### **EU--ESDP**

Politique de securite de l'UE : perspectives et realites 2010 / by

Patrice Cardot., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 51-58.)

ID Number: JA026632

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Cardot, Patrice

La politique de securite de l'UE, articulee sur les politiques et instruments consacres aux 'affaires etrangeres', constitue le coeur de cette Union politique, strategique et citoyenne, indispensable, afin que l'UE puisse atteindre ses buts, poursuivre ses objectifs et preserver ses interets, avec l'efficacite attendue, conformement au mandat que lui ont assigne les Etats membres par la voie du Traite.

#### **EU--ESDP--PUBLIC OPINION**

Regards sur la nouvelle PSDC / by Andre Dumoulin., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 59-64.)

ID Number: JA026633

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Dumoulin, Andre

La vision des citoyens europeens en matiere de PSDC associee au Traite de Lisbonne ratifie repose encore sur de fortes inerties. Au-dela des visions 'realistes' et 'idealistes' trop reductrices et trop simplistes, les opinions publiques europeennes soutiennent globalement cette politique par le biais des missions de gestion de crise et par l'intermediaire des medias vers lesquels les politiques de communication restent imparfaites et trop souvent exclusivement nationales.

#### **EU--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)**

The EU as a Conflict Manager ? The Case of Georgia and Its

Implications / by Richard Whitman, Stefan Wolff., 2010.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 86, no. 1, January 2010, p. 87-107.)

ID Number: JA026606

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Whitman, Richard

2. Wolff, Stefan

This article offers an analysis of the EU's engagement in Georgia as a standpoint from which to assess the EU's role as a conflict manager. The article begins with a brief narrative account of the development of EU-Georgia relations in the context of the country's two unresolved conflicts over Abkhazia and South Ossetia. It then proceeds to the

analysis of two sets of factors - those within, and those external to, the EU - that are crucial for understanding the nature and impact of EU efforts to manage the two Georgian conflicts. On the basis of this case-study analysis, the authors offer a wider analysis of the EU's potential for assuming a wider role as an international security actor. This is undertaken by considering both the limitations of the EU's existing capabilities for conflict resolution and the new developments contained within the Lisbon Treaty. The final part of the article asserts that the EU has suffered from two key weaknesses that have prevented it from living up to its aspirations of becoming a globally significant and effective conflict manager. The first is structural - the lack of, to date, a permanent External Action Service; the second is conceptual - the lack of a coherent and comprehensive conflict management strategy. The article concludes with five substantive principles that should guide the EU's approach to conflict management.

#### **EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS**

Europe, the Second Superpower / by Andrew Moravcsik., 2010.  
(CURRENT HISTORY, vol. 109, no. 725, March 2010, p. 91-98.)  
ID Number: JA026611  
Type: ART  
Author(s):

1. Moravcsik, Andrew  
There are, and will remain for the foreseeable future, two global superpowers : the United States and Europe. These two actors are consistently able to project a full spectrum of 'smart power' internationally.

#### **FIREARMS INDUSTRY AND TRADE**

Towards Internationally Regulated Goods : Controlling the Trade in Small Arms and Light Weapons / by Asif Efrat., 2010.  
(INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION, vol. 64, no. 1, Winter 2010, p. 97-131.)  
ID Number: JA026616  
Type: ART  
Author(s):

1. Efrat, Asif  
Contrary to the general trend of trade liberalization, specific goods - such as small arms, drugs and antiquities - have come under increasing international control in recent decades through a set of international regulatory agreements. This article offers a theoretical framework of government preferences on the international regulation of these goods. Departing from conventional models of trade policy, the theoretical framework introduces negative externalities, rather than protection, as the motivation for restricting trade; it also takes moral concerns into account. The author tests this framework empirically through an original survey of government views on international small-arms regulation. Based on interviewing officials from 118 countries, the survey reveals a large variation in government preferences that conforms to the theoretical expectations. The author employs this variation to explain why the international regulation of small arms is weak, despite the fact that these are the deadliest weapons of all in terms of actual death toll.

## **GREAT BRITAIN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MIDDLE EAST**

Broader Approach / by Rosemary Hollis., 2010.

(WORLD TODAY, vol. 66, no. 2, February 2010, p. 17-19.)

ID Number: JA026578

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Hollis, Rosemary

Whoever takes office after the British general election must conduct a comprehensive review of the country's posture in the Middle East. Siding with the United States, whoever presides in Washington, may seem logical, given the extent of US influence in the region. Yet anti-Americanism has dramatically increased since September 11 2001, because of the invasion of Iraq, the extent of US support for Israel and seeming disregard for Palestinian rights and grievances. A broader, more eclectic approach might be better, and Europe - including Britain - has clout.

## **GREAT BRITAIN--STRATEGIC ASPECTS**

Reclaiming the Art of British Strategic Thinking / by Paul Newton... [et al.]., 2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 44-50.)

ID Number: JA026622

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Newton, Paul

2. Colley, Paul

3. Sharpe, Andrew

In his December address, the Chief of Defence Staff urged the re-examination of the UK's understanding of the strategic environment, the development of strategic thinkers within British institutions, and a sharper focus on strategic imperatives. This article continues the clarion call for the crafting of a new strategic 'grammar' across both military and civilians structures, in an attempt to reinvigorate the lessons of the great classical strategists.

## **HUMAN SECURITY**

The Second Generation of Human Security : Lessons from the UN and EU Experience / by Mary Martin, Taylor Owen., 2010.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 86, no. 1, January 2010, p. 211-224.)

ID Number: JA026609

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Martin, Mary

2. Owen, Taylor

The concept of human security, while much contested in both academic and policy debates, and highly fragmented across different meanings and forms of implementation, offers a potential locus around which global security discourse might converge, particularly in light of current shifts in US security thinking. However, key pioneers of human security, such as the United Nations and Canada, appear to be losing their enthusiasm for the concept, just at the moment when others such as the European Union, are advancing a human security agenda. This article examines the divergence of human security narratives between the UN and the EU. It argues that the UN's use of the concept ran aground owing to a triple problematic of lack of clarity, confusion between previously distinct policy streams on human rights and human development and conceptual overstretch. After assessing the EU experience with the concept to date, the article argues that future use of human security will require greater focus on how it deepens ideas of individual security, rather than treating it as an agenda for broadening security. As well as a need to project clarity on the conceptual definition of human security, there is also a need to associate human security with greater clarity of intent. If

successful, this would contribute to establishing second generation human security as a new policy paradigm.

#### **INDIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFGHANISTAN**

India's Af-Pak Strategy / by Shashank Joshi., 2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 20-29.)

ID Number: JA026619

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Joshi, Shashank

Since 2001, India has become Afghanistan's fifth-largest donor, pledging \$1.2 billion in funds. This is merely an attempt to increase leverage over Pakistan, or could India become part of the regional solution on which Western powers have increasingly pinned their hopes ? The author analyses the motivations behind India's own Af-Pak strategy.

#### **INFORMATION WARFARE**

World War Web 3.0 : l'informatique dans les conflits / by Stanislas de Maupeou., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 83-88.)

ID Number: JA026636

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Maupeou, Stanislas de

Comme l'illustre les faits quotidiens, la menace d'attaque contre les systemes d'information des Etats est devenue un des elements essentiels a prendre en compte dans toute strategie de defense et de securite nationale. Ainsi, dans la Quadrennial Defense Review 2010, les Etats-Unis affirment l'imperative necessite de defendre les reseaux informatiques. L'informatique de combat reste encore une prescience qui doit etre portee par une reflexion strategique sans limiter son impact a une seule extension de capacites d'echange mais en considerant sa place dans une rupture strategique.

#### **INSURGENCY--AFGHANISTAN**

Afghanistan's Insurgency and the Viability of a Political Settlement / by Sultan Barakat, Steven A. Zyck., 2010.

(STUDIES IN CONFLICT AND TERRORISM, vol. 33, no. 3, 2010, p. 193-210.)

ID Number: JA026614

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Barakat, Sultan

2. Zyck, Steven A.

The international intervention in Afghanistan has contributed to entrenched state weakness and rising insecurity. Despite increased references to the need for reconciliation with the Taliban and a political solution to the ongoing conflict in Afghanistan, few specifics have been offered by academics or policymakers. Building on research into conflict resolution and an analysis of the composition and motivation of the insurgency, this article addresses this gap by asking whether conditions are currently 'ripe' for a negotiated settlement, how 'ripeness' may be achieved, and once achieved, how a political settlement might be best be pursued.

## **INTELLIGENCE SERVICE**

New Intelligence Blunders ? / by John Hughes Wilson., 2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 64-71.)

ID Number: JA026625

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Wilson, John Hughes

Good intelligence relies on accuracy, probity and independence. In the current time of global terrorist threats, intelligence is more vital - and visible - than ever in protecting the public and national interest. But collection and analysis of information is fraught with difficulty. Even modern technology throws up as many problems as it solves by inundating operatives with a tsunami of information. Yet examination of the two main blunders of the last decade show that it is the human element that, as ever, is the weakest link in the intelligence chain.

## **INTERVENTION (INTERNATIONAL LAW)--USA**

U.S. Military Interventions and the Risk of Civil Conflict / by Rabia Aslam., 2010.

(STUDIES IN CONFLICT AND TERRORISM, vol. 33, no. 3, 2010, p. 246-267.)

ID Number: JA026640

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Aslam, Rabia

The historical record of the majority of inter- and intra-state conflicts indicates frequent third-party interventions in these conflicts. In the decades following World War II, the United States has been one of the most frequent interveners in third world internal wars. This study focuses on the repercussions of US military interventions on the intensity of civil conflict and political violence in the targeted nations. A comprehensive empirical analysis suggests that in addition to low per capita income, large populations, high religious fractionalization, and weak governance, the direct and indirect involvement of the US military may also lead to increased civil strife and political violence in the targeted nations. US military involvement increases the probability of political instability and unrest and hence could be one of the many conditions that favor insurgency.

## **IRAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS**

Iran : renouer avec l'ambition d'empire / by Pierre Viaud., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 13-21.)

ID Number: JA026631

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Viaud, Pierre

L'Iran mobilise l'attention strategique et sa posture nucleaire intrigue voire inquiete la communaute internationale. Dans une rigoureuse analyse en six facteurs determinants, cet article explore la strategie iranienne et conclut a une indeniable volonte de puissance regionale, dans la tradition perse, mais qui reste limitee dans ses entreprises par des faiblesses structurelles.

#### **ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--PAKISTAN**

On the Verge : Pakistan's Insecurity / by Owen Bennett Jones., 2010.  
(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 4-8.)

ID Number: JA026617

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Jones, Owen Bennett

In the border area between Pakistan and Afghanistan, a battle is being waged that could influence the future of the entire region. The Taliban is firmly entrenched, threatening security in the tribal areas and meting out Sharia-influenced justice. Pakistan's state writ is weak, and the Pakistani army is struggling to consolidate its zones of influence. Currently in the eye of the storm, the war in Pakistan is far from over.

#### **ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)**

Islamic Radicalization in Russia : An Assessment / by Roland Dannreuther., 2010.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 86, no. 1, January 2010, p. 109-126.)

ID Number: JA026607

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Dannreuther, Roland

To what extent does Russia face the threat of Islamic radicalization ? This article provides an assessment of the nature and severity of the threat and its changing dynamics from the Yeltsin to the Putin periods in post-Soviet Russia. It argues that, contrary to many accounts, the threat was at its greatest during the late 1990s and in the Yeltsin period. Moreover, the Putin administration adopted a series of policies that have had some significant successes in stemming the flow of Islamic radicalism within Russia. This has involved a policy mix, including repression and coercion, most notably in the military campaign in Chechnya; diplomatic efforts in the Middle East and broader Muslim world to improve Russia's image; pro-active domestic policies to co-opt and support moderate Russian Muslim leaders and their communities; and attempts to construct a national identity and ideology which supports the multi-confessional and multinational nature of the Russian state and recognizes the Muslim contribution to Russian statehood and nationality. Although these policies have had their successes, there are also significant limitations, the most notable of which is the failure to address the problems of poor governance in the North Caucasus, which has sustained the Islamist insurgency in the region. The failure to develop an intermediary Muslim civil society in Russia more generally also contributes to the continuing appeal of Islamist radicalism, particularly among younger Russian Muslims.

#### **ISRAEL--FOREIGN RELATIONS--TURKEY**

Coup de tabac sur les relations israélo-turques / by Frederic Encel., 2009.

(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 126, hiver 2009 - 2010, p. 189-200.)

ID Number: JA026575

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Encel, Frederic

Turkey and Israel formed a strategic partnership in 1996, one that proved to be very fruitful for more than a decade. But these bilateral relations have very much cooled over the last two years, largely because of Turkey. Ankara's new attitude is due to several factors, including the reluctance of pro-Israeli lobbyists in Washington to support Turkish positions (as they had done in the past), plus the multiple benefits of closer relations with Syria (collaboration

between intelligence services, improved image of Turkey in the eyes of Arab countries, satisfying public opinion, which prefers closeness to Damascus to friendship with Israel, etc.). Furthermore, Turkey has become disillusioned with the West, largely due to Western reluctance to accept Turkey's aims to become part of Europe. Yet the 1996 partnership is still in force and, despite current differences, it is not impossible that the two allies could once again move closer.

#### **KAZAKHSTAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS**

Kazakhstan and the Strategic Interests of the Global Players in Central Asia / by Marat Shaikhutdinov., 2009.

(CENTRAL ASIA AND THE CAUCASUS, no. 3, 2009, p. 134-142.)

ID Number: JA026597

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Shaikhutdinov, Marat

#### **LATVIA--ECONOMIC POLICY**

Lettonie : une crise redemptrice ? / by Celine Bayou., 2009.

(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 126, hiver 2009 - 2010, p. 129-141.)

ID Number: JA026573

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Bayou, Celine

Latvia's exceptional economic performance was front page news in Europe. But since 2008 it is in the midst of an unprecedented crisis, making it one of the worst performing countries in the EU. And yet, everything started out in true fairy tale fashion : as soon as the USSR collapsed, a newly-independent Latvia made a firm turn towards the West, joining NATO and the European Union in 2004. The following years saw the 'Latvian miracle'. With the explosion of private credit, the citizens of this small country threw themselves headfirst into consumption mode, but at the price of rolling up huge debts. The crisis sounded the end of fun and games, as the country's GDP collapsed and the government found itself virtually bankrupt. Salaries plunged, unemployment climbed and a number of Latvians emigrated to look for work. However, the crisis could still bring benefits, since it will enable the country to come back down to earth. Perhaps it's time for the Latvian grasshopper to once again become an industrious ant.

#### **MASS MEDIA--AFGHANISTAN**

A Note from the Field : The Growing Media Landscape in Afghanistan / by Dominic Medley., 2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 30-35.)

ID Number: JA026620

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Medley, Dominic

The author assesses the current state of the Afghan media sector. He argues that there has been much progress over the last nine years, but more needs to be done to support domestic efforts to communicate directly with the Afghan public.

#### **NATIONAL SECURITY**

The Security-Development Nexus Revisited., 2010.

(SECURITY DIALOGUE, vol. 41 no. 1, February 2010, Special Issue.)

ID Number: JA026626

Type: ART

#### **NATO--FOREIGN RELATIONS**

Creating the Next Generation of NATO Partnerships / by Stephan

Fruhling, Benjamin Schreer., 2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 52-57.)

ID Number: JA026623

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Fruhling, Stephan

2. Schreer, Benjamin

NATO has a panoply of legacy partnership programmes, which should be reviewed as part the development of a new strategic concept. The authors argue that NATO should conceive of its partnerships in terms of the provision of public security goods, and base its activities on a more explicit consideration of the Alliance's strategic interests. In combination, both aspects can achieve consensus about goals and means, provide greater coherence, and better communicate NATO's activities and intentions.

#### **NATURAL RESOURCES--AFRICA**

Competing for Africa's Natural Resources / by Irina Abramova, Leonid

Fituni., 2009.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p.

47-58.)

ID Number: JA026584

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Abramova, Irina

2. Fituni, Leonid

#### **NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION**

Rethinking Iran : Handling Iranian NPT Non-Compliance / by Peter

Jenkins., 2010.

(INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p.

31-36.)

ID Number: JA026604

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Jenkins, Peter

The May review of the NPT will inevitably address the case of Iran. The key to handling the issue wisely and keeping Iran at the table is to distinguish NPT non-compliance from the flouting of UN resolutions. Iran must show, through regional diplomacy, that it does not seek nuclear weapons. Greater realism can yield political and economic advantages.

#### **NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY**

The Bomb for Beginners : A Do-It-Yourself Guide to Going Nuke in a

Few Easy Steps / by Michael Ruhle., 2010.

(INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p.

37-40.)

ID Number: JA026605

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Ruhle, Michael

Building a nuclear weapon has never been easier. The author provides step-by-step instructions for going nuclear, from discretely collecting material to minimizing the fallout when caught. These simple steps have worked for the likes of Israel, Pakistan, and North Korea, among others.

#### **NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY--FRANCE**

Volontarisme du programme nucleaire francais / by Patrick Boureille., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 89-95.)

ID Number: JA026637

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Boureille, Patrick

A travers certains moments clés de la constitution de la force de frappe et de son utilisation diplomatique, l'auteur entend souligner à quel point la hardiesse des décisions conjuguée à un esprit de résolution clairvoyant constitue le socle nécessaire d'une politique de défense de stature internationale bâtie sur le long terme.

#### **PEACEKEEPING FORCES, AFRICAN--AFRICA**

African Peacekeeping in Africa : Warlord Politics, Defense

Economics, and State Legitimacy / by Jonah Victor., 2010.

(JOURNAL OF PEACE RESEARCH, vol. 47, no. 2, March 2010, p.

217-229.)

ID Number: JA026630

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Victor, Jonah

Since the end of the Cold War, sub-Saharan African states have substantially increased their participation in international peacekeeping operations in Africa. Their contributions have become highly valued and even facilitated by major powers. This article examines why certain African states might contribute more than others to peacekeeping. In particular, prominent arguments are considered about the primacy of regime security concerns and the dynamics of warlord politics in the foreign policymaking of African states, the economic incentives of peacekeeping, and the importance of African states' concerns over their state legitimacy and territorial integrity. First, this study investigates the possibility that peacekeeping might be utilized as a diversionary strategy to divert the attention of both an African state's military and major powers from a regime's misrule. Second, this study examines the extent to which financial and material assistance from donor states encourages poorer states to engage in peacekeeping. Third, the study investigates whether states with less legitimate and more arbitrary borders might have greater incentive to contribute to peacekeeping operations to promote the territorial status quo in Africa. Empirical evidence from a quantitative analysis across 47 states of sub-Saharan Africa from 1989 to 2001 suggests that states that are poorer, with lower state legitimacy and lower political repression, participate more often in regional peacekeeping.

#### **PIRACY--SOMALIA**

Piracy in the 21st Century / by Vladimir Kotlyar., 2009.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p. 59-67.)

ID Number: JA026581

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Kotlyar, Vladimir

#### **POSTWAR RECONSTRUCTION--AFGHANISTAN**

It's About Development, Stupid / by Joseph Ingram, Clare Lockhart., 2010.

(WORLD TODAY, vol. 66, no. 2, February 2010, p. 11-13.)

ID Number: JA026580

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Ingram, Joseph
2. Lockhart, Clare

For four years after 2001, a very successful programme dealt with development, poverty reduction and social justice in Afghanistan, but it was ultimately allowed to fail. Now it must be re-started. Two critical meetings - one in London, the other in Kabul - should soon clarify the Afghan government's plan in these areas and how the international community will work with it. Fears that it will be costly are misplaced, because much of the money is poorly spent now and, in the right circumstances, the country can generate its own wealth. Success in Afghanistan can only be achieved with such an approach.

#### **PRIVATE MILITARY COMPANIES**

Contractors as Military Professionals ? / by Gary Schaub, Volker C. Franke., 2010.

(PARAMETERS, vol. 39, no. 4, Winter 2009 - 2010, p. 88-104.)

ID Number: JA026639

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Schaub, Gary
2. Franke, Volker C.

Today, civilian contractors working for the US government in Afghanistan outnumber the uniformed military. It is a fact that nations have employed contractors to fulfill combat and combat support functions for centuries. Despite this historical precedent, little is known about how military professionals perceive civilian contractors or how contractors view their own status. Is the use of contractors compatible with a strong military ethos ? It is this type of question that the authors attempt to answer in this article. Using survey methodology, the authors compared the attitudes and values of military professionalism in the United States. The authors conclude their analysis with an examination of the implications the relationship between military professionals and contractor personnel holds for future peace and stability operations. The results of their survey, while affording room for possible criticism related to methodology and sample size, provide some rather startling conclusions. One such finding is the requirement for professional military education at every level to address the requirements of the profession as they relate to contractors. Specifically, the authors found a critical need for a better definition of the operational and legal functions and responsibilities related to the private security industry and suggest limiting the outsourcing of core military functions to noncombat roles.

#### **QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)**

Crushed in the Shadows : Why Al Qaeda Will Lose the War of Ideas /  
by Alia Brahimī., 2010.  
(STUDIES IN CONFLICT AND TERRORISM, vol. 33, no. 2, 2010, p.  
93-110.)

ID Number: JA026570

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Brahimī, Alia

As a network of affiliate groups, Al Qaeda's more diffused structure, since the end of 2001, is described as one of its greatest strengths. Certainly, after losing its territorial base in Afghanistan, Al Qaeda as 'network' has gained in tactical agility and global reach. This article argues, however, that Osama bin Laden's ceding of command-and-control to autonomous Al Qaeda 'franchises' represents an important source of weakness in the battle for hearts and minds in the Muslim world. As Al Qaeda's global jihad is increasingly imported by its affiliates into local and sectarian conflicts, the death toll is largely Muslim and civilian. The targeting of Muslim civilians is exceptionally difficult to justify, morally, theologically, and by bin Laden's own standards of legitimate jihad. This article shows how the killing of Muslim civilians undermines the crucial lynchpins of bin Laden's ideology and alienates the popular support that 'Al Qaeda central' see as indispensable to Al Qaeda's success.

#### **RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--ARMED FORCES--REORGANIZATION**

Russian Military Reform : Prospects and Problems / by Bettina Renz.,  
2010.

(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 58-62.)

ID Number: JA026624

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Renz, Bettina

Russia's war with Georgia highlighted the weaknesses of its armed forces. Recent reforms have sought to redress problems, but the political will needed to give Russia a modern, professional army - able to fight limited, regional wars - it still insufficient. Moscow needs to fully embrace the end of conscription, the integration of state-of-the-art military hardware and wider political reform.

#### **RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFGHANISTAN**

Afghanistan in the Fore of World Politics / by Pyotr Goncharov.,  
2009.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p.  
68-76.)

ID Number: JA026585

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Goncharov, Pyotr

#### **SOUTH AFRICA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT**

Will the Real Jacob Zuma Please Stand Up ? / by James Hamill., 2010.  
(WORLD TODAY, vol. 66, no. 2, February 2010, p. 23-25.)

ID Number: JA026577

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Hamill, James

It is twenty years since Nelson Mandela walked free from prison on February 11 1990 and over fifteen since the advent of democracy in South Africa. The country has faced multiple challenges, but only one of the post-apartheid presidencies - that of Mandela himself - has risen to meet them, and even then only partially. Thabo Mbeki's presidency was notable for an abdication of responsibility in crucial

areas, and, so far, Jacob Zuma appears more concerned with a careful balancing of party interests than providing bold leadership and a coherent government agenda.

#### **STRATEGY**

Strategy Before the Word : Ancient Wisdom for the Modern World / by Beatrice Heuser., 2010.  
(RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 155, no. 1, February - March 2010, p. 36-43.)  
ID Number: JA026621  
Type: ART  
Author(s):

1. Heuser, Beatrice

Far from being purely a product of the twentieth century, the present understanding of 'strategy' has many reflections in antiquity and beyond. The history of the concept is a rich one, with wisdom carried through the ages rejecting the value of the military victory simply for its own sake. Chief amongst these timeless lessons is that war must serve a political purpose and ultimately ensure a better, more just peace than existed antebellum.

#### **SUICIDE BOMBINGS**

Nonstate Actors and the Diffusion of Innovations : The Case of Suicide Terrorism / by Michael C. Horowitz., 2010.  
(INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION, vol. 64, no. 1, Winter 2010, p. 33-64.)  
ID Number: JA026615  
Type: ART  
Author(s):

1. Horowitz, Michael C.

Studies of terrorism in general and suicide terrorism in particular tend to view terrorist groups independently. However, what if the propensity for a terrorist group to adopt suicide tactics depends on its external linkages and the relationship between the organizational capabilities of the group ? This article shows that the organizational change requirements for adopting an innovation significantly influence the overall adoption pattern, along with interlinkages between groups. Additionally, evaluating the universe of terrorist groups, not only those groups that adopted suicide terrorism but those who did not, shows that Pape's key variable of interest, occupation, does not significantly predict the adoption of suicide terrorism. Thinking about suicide terrorism as a special case of diffusion in the military area - an innovation for nonstate groups - can help bring the study of suicide terrorism further into the mainstream and highlight how the phenomenon has not just differences, but similarities, to other innovations.

#### **TERRORISM**

Terror's True Nightmare ? Reevaluating the Consequences of Terrorism on Democratic Governance / by Kristopher Robison., 2010.  
(TERRORISM AND POLITICAL VIOLENCE, vol. 22, no. 1, January - March 2010, p. 62-86.)

ID Number: JA026572

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Robison, Kristopher

Some scholars argue that terrorism has few adverse consequences for political and civil liberties in democracies and that fears about a reversal of freedoms due to counterterror programs are unjustified. However, anecdotal evidence suggests that democracies respond to terrorism in ways that curtail at least some of the rights that define democratic governance. In an analysis of a large sample of the world's nations, this study finds that terrorism has deleterious effects on regimes' respect for civil and human rights but few consequences for

overall political access. The author concludes that terrorism has measurable negative influences on particular aspects of democracy.

Media and International Terrorism / by Denis Zhuravlev., 2009.  
(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p. 126-135.)  
ID Number: JA026586  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Zhuravlev, Denis

#### **TERRORISM--PREVENTION--EU COUNTRIES**

The External Dimension of EU Counter-Terrorism Relations : Competences, Interests, and Institutions / by Christian Kaunert., 2010.  
(TERRORISM AND POLITICAL VIOLENCE, vol. 22, no. 1, January - March 2010, p. 41-61.)  
ID Number: JA026571  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Kaunert, Christian  
Some very significant policy developments indicate 'supranationalisation processes' of EU external relations in counter-terrorism, even in its most significant relationship with the USA. This means that, increasingly, the USA is willing to work with Europe through its institutionalised forum - the European Union. Thus, the EU achieves certain recognition on the world stage in areas previously completely unsuspected - the 'high politics' of counter-terrorism. This supranationalisation process proceeds in two stages. Firstly, the construction of an Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (AFSJ) pools a significant amount of national sovereignty at the level of the EU through the establishment of internal EU competences. As a side effect, however, it also constructs an institutionalised structure for external actors, such as the U.S., to deal with. Through dealing within this institutional setting, member states' interests become defined in such a way that increasingly they construct a 'European' interest related to counter-terrorism.

#### **TERRORISM--YEMEN**

Test for the West / by Ginny Hill., 2010.  
(WORLD TODAY, vol. 66, no. 2, February 2010, p. 6-9.)  
ID Number: JA026579  
Type: ART  
Author(s):  
1. Hill, Ginny  
The botched plot to bomb Northwest Airlines Flight 253 - believed to have been hatched in Yemen - has turned the media spotlight on terrorism in this strategic Arabian peninsula state. Speaking after the attempted attack, British Prime Minister Gordon Brown described Yemen as 'an incubator and potential safe haven for terrorism' that presents 'a regional and global threat'. Rising concern about the country's future has prompted the British government to host an urgent international summit on radicalisation there.

## **TREATY OF LISBON (2007)**

Europe's New Faces : The EU Still Has a Long Way to Go to Become a Global Power / by Henning Riecke., 2010.

(INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 11, no. 2, March - April 2010, p. 7-11.)

ID Number: JA026600

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Riecke, Henning

The post-Lisbon European Union can finally establish itself as a serious player in a multipolar world order. It has the potential to develop a foreign policy combining political, economic, and military elements. But will Brussels make the most of Lisbon ? In the end, it is still the member states that call the shots on foreign policy.

## **TURKEY--FOREIGN RELATIONS**

Turquie, Union europeene, Etats-Unis : un subtil jeu a trois / by Alexandre del Valle., 2009.

(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 126, hiver 2009 - 2010, p. 209-225.)

ID Number: JA026576

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Valle, Alexandre del

Turkey has been a divided country in the last few years, between the 'Conservative Islamists' of the Justice and Development Party (AKP), favoring the democratic Islamic model, and the secular nationalists, in favor of a secular and Western - yet authoritarian - society. The AKP administration has demonstrated its pan-Islamic solidarity, defending veiled women and the Palestinian cause, moving closer to the Arab world and Iran, and continuously calling into question the legitimacy of Israel - whose alliance with Turkey is imposed by the army and the United States. It shies away from a more radical Islam only because it fears a military coup d'etat. In addition to this latent civil war there has also been a wave of anti-Western, anti-American and anti-European feelings since the American-British intervention in Iraq in 2003, and local minorities are the primary targets.

## **WATER-SUPPLY--ASIA, CENTRAL**

'Soft' Security Is Becoming Harder / by , Yelena Ananyeva, Aleksandr Ananyev., 2009.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 55, no. 3, 2009, p. 27-40.)

ID Number: JA026582

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Ananyeva, , Yelena

2. Ananyev, Aleksandr

## **WATER-SUPPLY--STRATEGIC ASPECTS**

Guerres de l'eau, guerres civiles avant tout / by Frederic Lasserre., 2010.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 728, mars 2010, p. 75-82.)

ID Number: JA026635

Type: ART

Author(s):

1. Lasserre, Frederic

Le XXIe siecle sera-t-il celui des guerres de l'eau ? Rarete croissante et changements climatiques constitueraient un melange explosif, dont les effets destabilisants commencent a se faire sentir en de nombreuses regions. Certains analystes recusent l'idee de guerres de l'eau, estimant l'avenement de tels conflits impossible,

tandis que d'autres les jugent inevitables. En realite, si des guerres entre Etats sont peu probables en effet, avec l'eau comme seul objet de conflit, de nombreuses tensions interieures couvent sous la cendre des societes.